VG1X, VG2X, VG53X and Series

# **User Configuration Guide**

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# **1.1 Product Introduction**

VG Series intelligent VoIP Gateways (hereinafter called "VG Gateways" or simply "Gateways") are designed for the traditional telecom terminal devices to access IP networks through SIP or MGCP protocols. Its main applications include:

- For carriers and value-added service providers to provide telephone, fax and voice-band data services to subscribers using IP access methods such as FTTB, HFC, and xDSL;
- Used to bridge the traditional telecom terminal equipments, such as PBXs, to the IP core networks of carriers;
- Connected with PBX of enterprises to provide IP-based voice private network solutions for institutions, enterprises and schools;
- Used as remote acces equipments for IP-PBXs in call center deployment.

VG Gateways are suitable for placement on office desktops or installation on walls in the corridor and racks in the equipment room.

VG Series include VG1X, VG2X, VG100 and VG59X subseries. Their features are similar with the main differences as follows:

	Capacity	Chassis	Subscriber Line Board Card	Installat ion	Power
VG1X	4-8 FXS/FXO Ports	Plastic Casing	Built-in	Desktop	5-9 VDC
VG2X	12-24 FXS/FXO Ports	19" Wide and 1U High	Built-in	Rack	100-240 VAC
VG53X, VG54X	24-48 FXS/FXO Ports	19" Wide and 1U High	Pluggable	Rack	100-240 VAC, -48 VDC (Optional)
VG59X	48-96 FXS/FXO Ports	19" Wide and 1U High, including master and slave chassises	Pluggable	Rack	100-240 VAC, -48 VDC (Optional)

Table 1-1 Differences Between VG Gateway Series

VG Gateways use Freescale® PowerQUICC communications CPU series as main control processors (including 60MHz MPC852T, 200MHz MPC8250 and 300MHz MPC8247) and TI's TMS320VC5509A high-performance digital signal processing chips as processors for voice and fax processing (equipped with 1-14 DSP chips based on the need of concurrent call capacity), and are integrated with 32MB-64MB SDRAM as system memory, 4MB-16MB FLASH as permanent file system. The powerful processing capability and sufficient hardware configuration ensure that all products of VG Series can provide concurrent calls of full capacity and maintain good call quality.

In terms of software, VG Gateways use stable and reliable embedded Linux operating system matched with driver layers of different hardware platforms to realize the compatibility with full range of application software products, ensuring the consistent functions and stable performance of the product series.

VG Gateways support SIP and MCGP protocols. They can provide

- PBX functions such as hunting group, second stage dialing, internal communications, caller ID (FSK/DTMF), call transfer, call waiting, call hold, call barring, caller ID restriction hotline, corporate CRBT and etc;
- FXO related functions such as PSTN failover, gain control, busy tone detection, voice prompt in inbound calls, polarity reversal detection;
- Media stream processing functions such as RTP redundancy, packet loss compensation, G.711/G.729A/G.723.1/iLBC/GSM voice codec, echo cancellation, and etc.

VG Gateways support local and remote, distributed and centralized management modes, including Web access management, command line configuration based on Linux OS, auto-provision for firmware upgrade and configuration management based on TFTP/FTP/HTTP, TR069 based ACS.

# **1.2 Functions and Features**

- Connect analog telephone, PBX, facsimile machine and POS machine to the IP core network, or PSTN;
- Work with service platform to provide various telephone supplementary services;
- Support SIP and MGCP protocols;
- Support FXS and FXO interfaces;
- Support static IP address configuration or dynamically obtain an IP address through DHCP and PPPoE;
- Support G.711, G.729A, G.723.1, GSM, iLBC;
- Support echo cancellation;
- Up to 100 routing rules can be stored in gateways;
- Support digitmap;
- Support intercom;
- Support full-capacity concurrent calls;
- Support T.30/T.38 fax mode;
- Support multiple local and remote maintenance & management modes such as Web, Telnet, auto-provision, and TR069 clinet;.
- Support several encryption methods;
- Support call progress tones for various countries and regions;
- Support FXO second stage dialing or voice prompt;
- Support PSTN failover through FXO ports;

# **1.3 Equipment Structure**

#### 1.3.1 VG1X

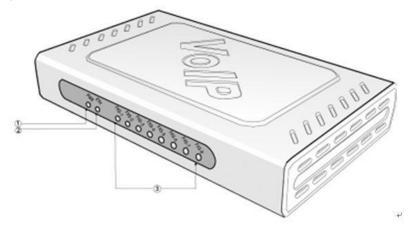
VG1X is the product with smallest capacity in VG Gateway Series. Designed with small plastic structure for desktop placement, VG1X can provide up to 8 analog line interfaces. VG1X supports the following types of configuration:

Tuble 1 2 common comparation combination of Vorte		
Models	Number of FXS Ports	Number of FXO Ports
VG1040	4	0
VG1080	8	0
VG1041	0	4

Table 1-2 Common Configuration Combination of VG1X

Models	Number of FXS Ports	Number of FXO Ports
VG1081	0	8
VG1082	4	4

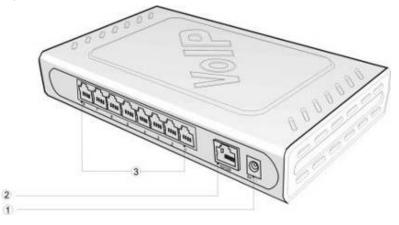
## Figure 1-1 VG1X Front Panel



## Table 1-3 Description of VG1X Front Panel

#	Description
1	Power indicator (PWR), the light on indicates that it has been powered.
2	Ethernet interface indicator (ETH), the light on indicates successful connection, the light flashing indicates that data packets are being received or sent.
3	Analog subscriber line (FXS) or analog trunk (FXO) interface indicator, the light on indicates that it is in use.

# Figure 1-2 VG1X Back Panel



## Table 1-4 Description of VG1X Back Panel

#	Description
1	Power interface, 5-9 VDC input
2	10/100 M Ethernet Interface, RJ45

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#	Description
3	Analog subscriber line (FXS) or analog trunk (FXO) interface

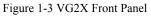
VG1X	RJ11 Interface Configuration							
Models	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
VG1040	Subscribe r Line 1	Subscribe r Line 2	Subscribe r Line 3	Subscribe r Line 4	NA	NA	NA	NA
VG1080	Subscribe r Line 1	Subscribe r Line 2	Subscribe r Line 3	Subscribe r Line 4	Subscribe r Line 5	Subscribe r Line 6	Subscribe r Line 7	Subscribe r Line 8
VG1041	Trunk Line 1	Trunk Line 2	Trunk Line 3	Trunk Line 4	NA	NA	NA	NA
VG1081	Trunk Line 1	Trunk Line 2	Trunk Line 3	Trunk Line 4	Trunk Line 5	Trunk Line 6	Trunk Line 7	Trunk Line 8
VG1082	Subscribe r Line 1	Subscribe r Line 2	Subscribe r Line 3	Subscribe r Line 4	Trunk Line 1	Trunk Line 2	Trunk Line 3	Trunk Line 4

Table 1-5 Configuration Description of Analog Line Interfaces for All VG1X Models

## 1.3.2 VG2X

Designed with a 1U high and 19" wide compact chassis, VG2X is suitable for installation in a standard cabinet. It has a built-in 110-220V power module. VG2Xoffers 16-line or 24-line capacity options, and uses RJ45 for the interface socket of analog lines. VG2X supports the following types of configuration:

Models	Number of FXS Ports	Number of FXO Ports
VG2160	16	0
VG22240	24	0
VG2161	0	16
VG2241	0	24
VG2162	12	4
VG2242	16	8
VG2243	20	4



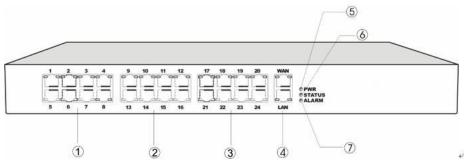


Table 1-7 Description of VG2X Front Panel

#	Description
1	Offer the first 8 analog line interfaces (FXS or FXO), interface type is RJ45.
2	Offer 9 <sup>th</sup> -16 <sup>th</sup> analog line interfaces (FXS or FXO), interface type is RJ45.
3	Offer 17 <sup>th</sup> -24 <sup>th</sup> analog line interfaces (FXS or FXO), interface type is RJ45. When the total system capacity of VG2X is 16 lines, these interfaces will not be provided.
4	One 10/100M Ethernet uplink interface (WAN) and one 10/100M Ethernet user interface (LAN), interface type is RJ45. The uplink interface is used IP port for signaling and voice traffic. The user interface is reserved for future use.
5、6、7	Three indicators of PWR, STATUS and ALARM represent the power, status and alarm respectively. Specific meanings of these indicators are described in Table 1-10.

Table 1-8 Pins and Indicators for Subscriber Line (FXS) or Trunk Line (FXO) of VG2X

Pin	Pin					LED			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Yellow	Green
NC	NC	NC	Ring	Tip	NC	NC	NC	Interface Type	Interface Status

Note: The yellow LED on RJ45 socket works only in the mixed FXS/FXO type configuration of Gateway. The yellow LED light on indicates the interface is FXO type, and the yellow light off indicates the interface is FXS type. In an equipment with only FXS-type or FXO-type configuration, the yellow LED dose not work and remains off.

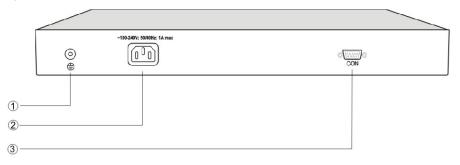
Table 1-9 for Pin and Indicator Table of Ethernet Ports

Pin			LED		
1	2	3	6	Yellow	Green
TX+	TX-	RX+	RX-	Connection Status	Activity Status

Table 1-10 Indicators of VG2X

Mark	Function	Status	Description
PWR	Power	Green	Power on
PWK	Indication	Off	Power off
		Off	System locked and inactive
STATUS Status Indication	Status	Green Flash	Normal Operation
		Constant Red	System in the process of power up and not in the normal operation mode
		Red Flash	System in a diagnostic mode and able to execute limited operation
		Green	No alarms
ALARM	Alarm	Red Flash	New alarms occurred but not confirmed
Indicat	Indication	Red	Alarms existed and all alarm information confirmed

#### Figure 1-4 VG2X Back Panel



#### Table 1-11 Description of VG2X Back Panel

#	Description
1	Ground pole
2	AC power input socket, 100-240 VAC voltage input.
3	The configuration interface (CON) is used for local management and debugging. It connects with RS232 port on a computer, and local PCs can establish a connection with VG2X through a emulator on the configuration terminal. Table 1-12 describes the interface properties.

#### Table 1-12 Properties of VG2XCON Port

Properties	Description
Connector	DB9
Number of Interface	1
Interface Standard	RS232
Baud Rate	38400
Data Bit	8
Parity Check	No
Stop Bit	1
Traffic Control	No

## 1.3.3 VG53X,VG54X

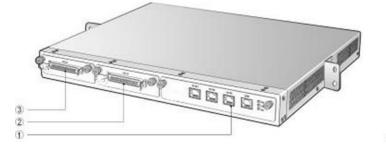
Designed with a 1U high and 19" wide compact chassis and a swappable modular structure, VG53X,VG54X can offer flexible on-site configuration and replacement. The interface card of VG53X,VG54X uses a Champ50-type socket and is connected to the distribution panel in equipment room using a 25-pair cable supplied with the unit. VG53X,VG54X supports the following types of configuration:

Table 1-13 Configuration Combination of VG53X, VG54X

Models	Number of FXS Ports	Number of FXO Ports
VG5480	48	0
VG5321	0	32
VG5322	16	16
VG5320	32	0

Models	Number of FXS Ports	Number of FXO Ports

#### Figure 1-5 VG53X,VG54X Front Panel



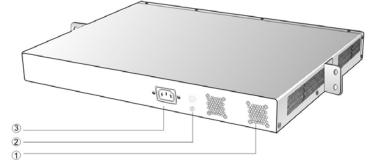
### Table 1-14 Description of VG53X, VG54X Front Panel

#	Description
1	Main control module. It offers one 10/100M Ethernet port and one configuration interface (CON).
2 and 3	Two interface slots, and each can contain one desired type interface card.

Note: DO NOT plug or remove the main control module and interface cards of VG53X,VG54X when equipment is powered on.

Table 1-15 Indicators of VG53X,VG54X

Mark	Function	Status	Description
PWR Power Indication	Power	Green	Power on
	Indication	Off	Power off
		Off	System locked and inactive
	Green Flash	Normal operation	
STU	Status Indication	Constant Red	System in the process of powerup and not in the normal normal operation mode
		Red Flash	System in a diagnostic mode and able to execute limited operation
		Green	No alarms
ALM	Alarm Indication	Red Flash	New alarms occurred but not confirmed
	maleation	Red	Alarms existed and all alarm information confirmed



#### Table 1-16 Description of VG53X, VG54X Back Panel

#	Description
1)	Two cooling fans
2	Ground pole
3	AC power socket, 100-240 VAC voltage input.

### 1.3.4 VG59X

Designed with a 1U high and 19" wide compact chassis with swappable modular structure of interfaces, VG59X can be scalable to have an expansion chassis which holds two interface cards. The interface card of VG59X use RJ45 sockets and they are connected to the distribution panel of equipment room using a CAT-5 Ethernet cable to offer flexible user interface configuration.

The main chassis of VG59X can hold two interface cards which enable to flexibly configure the number of FXS and FXO ports, and each card epuips up to 24 ports. The expansion chassis can also hold two 24-port interface cards which enable to flexibly configure the number of FXS and FXO ports. VG59X dual-chassis system can provide up to 96 ports. It supports the following configurations:

Models	Number of FXS Ports	Number of FXO Ports
VG59X-48S	48	0
VG59X-72S	72	0
VG59X-96S	96	0
VG59X-24FXO	0	24
VG59X-48FXO	0	48
VG59X-72FXO	0	72
VG59X-96FXO	0	96
VG59X-40S/8	40	8
VG59X-64S/8	64	8
VG59X-88S/8	88	8
VG59X-36S/12	36	12
VG59X-60S/12	60	12
VG59X-84S/12	84	12
VG59X-32S/16	32	16
VG59X-56S/16	56	16

Table 1-17 Configuration Combination of VG59X:

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Models	Number of FXS Ports	Number of FXO Ports
VG59X-80S/16	80	16
VG59X-28S/20	28	20
VG59X-52S/20	52	20
VG59X-768/20	76	20
VG59X-248/24	24	24
VG59X-48S/24	48	24
VG59X-728/24	72	24
VG59X-44S/28	44	28
VG59X-68S/28	68	28
VG59X-408/32	40	32
VG59X-648/32	64	32
VG59X-36S/36	36	36
VG59X-608/36	60	36

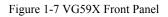




Table 1-18 Description of VG59X Front Panel

#	Description
1 and $2$	Two interface slots; each can contain one 24-port interface card.
3	Matrix of $6 \times 4$ LED status indicator on interface card

WARNING Do not plug and remove the interface cards of VG59X when equipment is powered on.

Each RJ45 socket has 8 pins leading out 4 pairs of analog telephone or trunk lines in agreement with the pair specifications for Ethernet interfaces, whose corresponding relations can be seen in the table below. CAT-5 cables are used to connect the interface card and distribution panel in equipment installation. Standard RJ11 telephone lines can be used to plug in a RJ45 socket. The telephone/trunk lines are connected to the 3<sup>rd</sup> pair of pins for simple call test.

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Table 1-19 Pin Specifications for VG59X RJ45 Socket Port

Numerical Sequence of Subscriber Line	1 <sup>st</sup> Pair		2 <sup>nd</sup> Pa	ir	3 <sup>rd</sup> Pa	ir	4 <sup>th</sup> Pa	ir
Pin No. of RJ45 Contact	1	2	3	6	4	5	7	8
Corresponding RJ11	TIP1	RING1	TIP2	RING2	TIP3	RING3	TIP4	RING4

Figure 1-8 Schematic Diagram of VG59X Subscriber Line Connection

Terminal Side⊷		CAT-5 Ethernet Cables⊬	MX120 Equipment Side⊷					
1st Pair₽	TIP₽	Orange Whiter	£ 4	RJ45 S TIA/EIA568-B L		uence⊷		
i™ Fali¥	RINGe	Orange -		Orange White	1e	TIP1@	ρ	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Pair€	TIP₽	Green White	له . ج	Orange⊭	2₽ 3₽	RING1₽ TIP2₽		Interface Connecting
- · · · ·	RINGe	Green≁ . ₽	P + 1	Green White⊭ Blue∘	3₽ 4₽	TIP 20 TIP 30	-	ce C
3 <sup>rd</sup> Pair∉	TIP₽	Bluee	e e	Elue White: Greene	5₽ 6₽	RING3+	p	Card Socket Equipment User⊭
ę	RING@		4 4 9	Brown White	0∉ 7₽	TIP42	ρ	Socket ent User
4 <sup>th</sup> Pair⊷	TIP₽	Brown White	4	Brown.	8₽	RING4#	q	for
	RING₽	Browne	4	-				

Schematic Diagram of Subscriber Line Connection

Note: Color coding and line pair sequences are based on CAT-5 Ethernet cables. Subscribers can refer to the connection update of this schematic diagram to customize the corresponding colors and line pair sequences if other corresponding cables are to be used.  $e^i$ 

Table 1-20 Corresponding	Polation Datwoon	VC50V D145	Socket and Li	no Numbor
Table 1-20 Collesponding	Relation Detween	1 VUJ9A KJ4J	Socket and LI	ne number

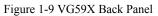
RJ45 Socket No. (From Left to Right)	1	2	3	4	5	6
Line No. of This Card	1 ~ 4	5 ~ 8	9 ~ 12	13 ~ 16	17 ~ 20	21 ~ 24

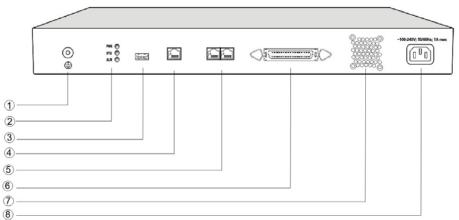
There is a  $6 \times 4$  LED indicator matrixes on the left side of interface board. Each row of LED indicator matrixes matches four telephone lines on a RJ45. The first row on the left matches Line 1-4 respectively from top to bottom, the first row on the right matches Line 21-24 respectively from top to bottom, and the middle rows in the same manner.

LED indicators are used for multiple purposes as follows

- Line status indication: This is the most common mode during normal use of equipment. In this mode, if a line is idle, the indicator corresponding to it goes off; if a line is in call or in use status (such as ringing, offhook and caller ID transmission of FXS interface, ringing, offhook and caller ID detection of FXO interface) the indicator corresponding to it goes on.
- Line type indication: This is the mode for installation of equipment or wiring check. This mode can be entered by disconnecting the network interface (two Ethernet interfaces on the host are disconnected) when connecting lines at installation stage, or through interface control when the check is made during normal operation. After entering the mode, LED constant on indicates that the corresponding line is equipped and is an analog telephone line, LED flashing indicates that the corresponding line is not equipped or is faulty.
- System operation status indication: This is the mode for displaying information on system operation of equipment in specific conditions. Usually, this mode is entered when some prompts

are required to give operator during equipment startup, diagnosis or operation. In this mode, LED flashes to display numbers, letters or other patterns in matrix. Please refer to the Appendix: Check List for Operation Status Indication of VG59X System.





#### Table 1-21 VG59X Back Panel

#	Description
1	Ground Pole
2	Indicator, see Table 1-22 for description.
3	USB interface, reserved for future use.
4	Configuration interface (CON), used for local management and debugging.
5	Two Ethernet interfaces: ETH1 and ETH2, only ETH1 has been set when the equipment is delivered from factory, default IP address: 192.168.2.240
6	Connection interface of expansion chassis
$\overline{O}$	Cooling fan
8	AC power socket, 100V-240 VAC voltage input.

#### Table 1-22 Meanings of VG59X Indicators

Mark	Function	Status	Description		
PWR	Power	Green	Power on		
PWK	Indication	Off	Power off		
		Off	System locked and inactive		
STU	Status Indication	Green Flash	Normal operation		
		Constant Red	System in the process of powerup and not in the normal operation mode		
		Red Flash	System in a diagnostic mode and able to execute limited operation		
		Green	No alarms		
ALM	Alarm Indication	Red Flash	New alarms occurred but not confirmed		
		Red	Alarms existed and all alarm information confirmed		

VG59X single-chassis system can provide up to 48-line with different analog line type configuration combinations, and VG59X dual-chassis system (main chassis and expansion chassis) can provide maximum of 96-line with different analog line type configuration combination. VG59X dual-chassis system is a logical integrated system formed by adding an expansion chassis and interface cards on top of the single chassis system. Only an expansion cable is required to connect the two chassises, and the original main chassis will not be affected when connecting the expansion cable, suitable for on-site capacity expansion. The system resources (eg. number of concurrent calls) are completely determined by the main chassis, so users who are planning to expand capacity should take into account the needs for future system resources when initially ordering the single-chassis system, to support the smooth capacity expansion and upgrade.

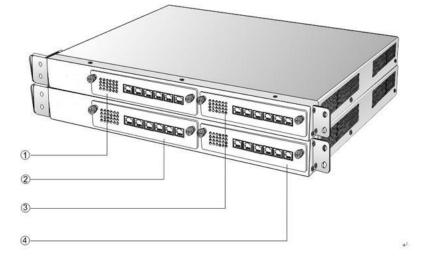
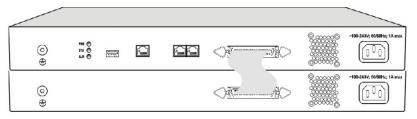


Figure 1-10 Schematic Diagram for Front Panel of VG59X Dual-Chassis System

Numbering definition of system interface slots: On the left side of main chassis is #1 slot (marked with ① in Figure 1-10), on the right side of main chassis is #2 slot (marked with ③ in the Figure 1-10), on the left side of expansion chassis is #3 slot (marked with ② in the Figure 1-10), and on the right side of expansion chassis is #4 slot, marked with ④ in Figure 1-10).

Figure 1-11 Schematic Diagram for Back Panel of VG59X Dual-Chassis System



VG59X dual-chassis system consists of a main chassis and an expansion chassis. Seen from the front, it is different from the screen-printed mark: main chassis printed with "VG59X-MAIN" mark and expansion chassis printed with "VG59X-EXT" mark. Seen from the back, the difference is obvious: expansion chassis does not have status indicator, USB interface, CON interface and two Ethernet interfaces. The main and expansion chassises have their own independent power supply and cooling system, which are connected by a 36-core flat cable to form a logical integrated system.

To ensure the reliable communications between two chassises and reduce EMI interference, the communication cable for connecting two chassises should be short. VG59X dual-chassis system must be placed adjacently in installation (users who plan to expand capacity should reserve a space for

expansion chassis during the initial installation of single chassis), the up or lower position is not strictly required for the chassises.

# 2.1 Login

## 2.1.1 Obtain Gateway IP Address

VG1X and VG2X Gateways start DHCP service by default, and automatically obtain an IP address on the LAN; users can use the factory default gateway IP address if it is unable to be obtained (e.g. when connected directly with a computer).

VG53X,VG54X and VG59X Gateways use a static IP address by default.

Table 2-1 Default IP Address of Gateway

Туре	Default DHCP Service	Default IP Address	Default Subnet Mask
VG1X	Enabled	192.168.2.218	255.255.0.0
VG2X	Enabled	192.168.2.228	255.255.0.0
VG53X,VG54X	Disabled	192.168.2.240	255.255.0.0
VG59X	Diasabled	192.168.2.240	255.255.0.0

• DHCP Used in Network

Users can dial "# #" to obtain the current gateway IP address and version information of firmware using the telephone connected to the subscriber line (FXS interface) after the equipment is powered on.

If the gateways are only configured with FXO ports for analog trunks without FXS ports for subscriber lines (e.g. VG1041 or VG22241), users can dial into the gateway by connecting a PBX extension line or PSTN POTS line to a FXO port, and press "# #" to obtaining the current gateway IP address and version information of firmware after receiving the second dial tone.

- Fixed IP Address Used
  - ➢ If the DHCP service on the network is not available or the gateway is directly connected with a computer, the gateways will use the factory default IP address.
  - A user could fail to log in with the default IP address if the IP address of user's computer and the default gateway IP address are not at the same network segment. It is recommended that the IP address of user's computer is changed to be identical with the same network segment of gateway. For example, if the gateway IP address is 192.168.2.240, it is recommended to set the computer's IP address to any address at the network segment of 192.168.2.XXX).
- PPPoE Used

In "Basic Configuration> Network Configuration", the gateways will automatically obtain the WAN address returned by access network after PPPoE service is started and user name and password are set. Users can dial "##" on the gateways to receive the IP address and version information of firmware the gateways has obtained.

## 2.1.2 Log on Gateway

Double-click the icon is to open IE browser, and enter the gateway IP address in the browser address bar (eg. 192.168.2.218); you can enter the login interface for gateway configuration by entering a password on the login interface.

Vol	P Gate	eway	
Password:		Login	
			1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -

### 2.1.3 Permission of Gateway Administrator

Logon users are classified into "administrator" and "operator". The default password is seen Table 2-2. The password is shown in a cipher for safety.

Table 2-2 Default Passwords of Gateway

Туре	Default Administrator Passwords (lowercase letters required)	Default Operator Password
VG1X	voip	operator
VG2X	voip	operator
VG53X,VG54X	voip	operator
VG59X	voip	operator

- The administrator can browse and modify all configuration parameters, and modify login passwords.
- The operator can browse and modify part of configuration parameters.

The gateways allow multiple users to log in:

- The administrator has permission for modification and the operator has permission for browsing;
- When multiple users with same level of permission log in, the first has permission for modification, while the others only have permission for browsing.

# 

The system will confirm timeout if users do not conduct any operation within 10 minutes after login. They are required to log in again for continuing operations.

Upon completion of configuration, click "Logout" button to return to the login page, so as not to affect the login permission of other users.

# 2.2 Buttons Used on Gateway Management Interface

"Submit" and "Restore Default Configuration" buttons are at the bottom of configuration interface.

- Submit" Button: Submit configuration information. Users click "Submit" button after completion of parameter configuration on a page. A success prompt will appear if configuration information is accepted by the system; if a "The configuration takes effect after the system is restarted" dialog box appears, it means that the parameters are valid only after system restart; it is recommended that users press the "Restart" button on the "Tool" page to validate the configuration after changing all parameters to be modified.
- "Default" Button: Click this button to use default configuration of gateway. A success prompt will appear on the interface after the system restores parameters on the configuration page to default configuration. For part of parameters, it is required to restart the software to validate the default configuration, and in this case "The configuration takes effect after the system is restarted" will appear on the interface. Subscribers can click "Restart" on the "Tool" page to restart.

# 2.3 Basic Configuration

## 2.3.1 Network Configuration

After login, click "Basic > Network" tab to open the configuration interface.

Figure 2-2 Network Configuration Interface

Basic	Routing	Line	Advanced	Status	Logs	Tools	Info
Welcome adn Login time: 2009					Network	System   SIP   MO	CP   Logout
		Host name	AG-VoIP-GW Contain letter, numl	ber and "-" but mus	st start with letter		
		Logical IP address	192.168.250.57				
E	тнз						
		MAC address	00:0E:A9:00:01:FF				
	IP ac	ldress assignment	PPPoE 💌				
		User name					
		Password					
		IP address	192.168.2.240				
		Netmask	255.255.0.0				
	Ga	ateway IP address	192.168.2.1				
E	TH1						
		MAC address	Not in use				
		IP address					
		Netmask					
C	INS						
_							
		Primary server	202.96.209.133	e.g. 202.96.20	9.6		
		Secondary server	202.96.209.6	e.g. 202.96.20	9.133		
s	NTP						
_		,	192.43.244.18				
		Secondary server	198.60.22.240				
		Time zone	(GMT+08:00) Beijin	. 🗸			
			Sub	solt			

Table 2-3 Network Configuration Parameters

Name	Description
Host name	This is the equipment name of a configuration gateway. The default values of VG1X, VG2X, VG53X, VG54X and VG59X are VG1X-VoIP-AG, VG2X-VoIP-AG, VG53X, VG54X-VoIP-AG and VG59X-VoIP-AG respectively. Users can set a different name for each gateway to distinguish from each other according to the deployment plan. A host name can be a maximum of 48 characters, either letters (A-Z or a-z), numbers (0-9) and minus sign (-). It may not be null or space, and it must start with a letter.
Logical IP address	This parameter only exists in VG53X,VG54X, used to display the actual gateway IP address in use.
ETHn	
MAC address	Display the MAC address of gateway.
IP address	Methods for obtaining an IP address
assignment	• Fixed: Static IP address is used;
	• DHCP: Activate DHCP service and use the dynamic host configuration protocol (DHCP) to allocate IP addresses and other network parameters;
	• PPPoE: PPPoE service is used.
User name	Enter an authentication user name if PPPoE service is selected, and there is no default value.
Password	Enter an authentication password if PPPoE service is selected, and there is no default value.
IP address	If "Static" or "DHCP" is selected for the network type but an address fails to be obtained, the gateways will use the IP address filled in here. If the gateways obtain an IP address through DHCP, the system will display the current IP address automatically obtained from DHCP by the gateways. This parameter must be set due to no default value.
Netmask	The subnet mask is used with an IP address. When the gateways use a static IP address, this parameter must be entered; when an IP address is automatically obtained through DHCP, the system will display the subnet mask automatically obtained by DHCP. This parameter must be set due to no default value.
Gateway IP address	LAN gateway IP address where the gateways are located. When the gateways obtain an IP address through DHCP, the system will display the LAN gateway address automatically obtained through DHCP. This parameter must be set due to no default value.
DNS	
Enable	Activate DNS service.
Primary Server	If DNS service is activated, the network IP address of preferred DNS server must be entered, and there is no default value.
Secondary Server	If DNS service is activated, the network IP address of standby DNS server can be entered here. It is optional and there is no default value.
SNTP	
Primary Server	Enter the IP address of preferred time server here. This parameter must be set due to no default value.
Secondary Server	Enter the IP address of standby time server here. This parameter must be set due to no default value.

Name	Description
Time Zone	Select a time zone, and the parameter values include:
	• (GMT-11:00) Midway Island
	• (GMT-10:00) Honolulu. Hawaii
	• (GMT-09:00) Anchorage, Alaska
	• (GMT-08:00) Tijuana
	• (GMT-06:00) Denver
	• (GMT-06:00) Mexico City
	• (GMT-05:00) Indianapolis
	• (GMT-04:00) Glace_Bay
	• (GMT-04:00) South Georgia
	• (GMT-03:30) Newfoundland
	• (GMT-03:00) Buenos Aires
	• (GMT-02:00) Cape_Verde
	• (GMT) London
	• (GMT+01:00) Amsterdam
	• (GMT+02:00) Cairo
	• (GMT+03:00) Moscow
	• (GMT+03:30) Teheran
	• (GMT+04:00) Muscat
	• (GMT+04:30) Kabul
	• (GMT+05:30) Calcutta
	• (GMT+05:00) Karachi
	• (GMT+06:00) Almaty
	• (GMT+07:00) Bangkok
	• (GMT+08:00) Beijing
	• (GMT+09:00) Tokyo
	• (GMT+10:00) Canberra
	• (GMT+10:00) Adelaide
	• (GMT+11:00) Magadan
	• (GMT+12:00) Auckland

# 2.3.2 System Configuration

After login, click "Basic > System" tab to open the system configuration interface.

Figure 2-3 System Configuration Interface

Basic	Routing	Line	Advanced	Status	Logs	Tools	Info
elcome adn gin time: 2009-	<b>nin</b> -06-10 13:51:06				<u>Network</u>   Sy	stem   <u>SIP</u>   <u>MG</u>	iCP   Logout
_							
		Application	Support T38(Fax) a Data application inc				
		First digi timer	12	2~60(s),defau	lt 12		
		Inter-digit timer	12	2~60(s),defau	lt 12		
		Critical digit timer	5	1~10(s),defau	lt 5		
			G729A/20,PCMU/20 G729A/20,G723/30		iLBC/30,GSM/20		
	ŀ	look-flash handle	Server (SIP INFO) Y				
		DTMF method	RFC 2833 👻				
	2	833 navioad type	100 96-127, default 101	. This value should	be set as the same a	as the value in serv	/er
		DTME on-time	100 80-150(ms), default	: 100. This is the on	-time of sending DTM	F digit	
		DTME off-time	100 80-150(ms), default	: 100. This is the off	-time of sending DTM	F digit	
	DTMF det	ection threshhold	<b>48</b> 32~96(ms),default	48.This is the dectio	on threshhold for rece	aivina DTMF diait	
		Su	bmit Advar	iced Defau	lt		

Table 2-4 System Configuration Parameters

Name	Description
Application	Select a gateway application scenario in this field: Audio only, Support T38 (Fax) and Voice-band Data, Support T38 (CED), Support T38 (CNG), Support Voice-band Data. Voice-band Data service including Modem, POS and T.30 fax. The gateways support voice service in any mode.
First digit timer	If a subscriber hasn't dialed any number within a specified time by this parameter after offhook, the gateways will consider that the subscriber has given up the call and prompt to hang up in busy tone. Unit: second, default value: 12 seconds.
Inter-digit timer	If a subscriber hasn't dialed the next number key from the time of dialing the last number key to the set time by this parameter, the gateways will consider that the subscriber has ended dial-up and call out the dialed number. The default value is 12 seconds, unit: second.
Critical digit timer	This parameter is used with the "x.T" rule set in dialing rules. For example, there is "021.T" in the dialing rules table. When a subscriber has dialed 021 and hasn't dialed the next number within a set time by this parameter (eg. 5 seconds), the gateways will consider that the subscriber has ended dial-up and call out the dialed number 021. The default value is 5 seconds, unit: second.
Codec	Codecs methods supported by the gateways include G729A/20, G723/30, PCMU/20, PCMA/20, iLBC/30 and GSM/20 (as shown in table 2-5). This parameter must be set due to no default value. Several encoding methods can configure in this item at the same time, separated with "," in the middle; the gateways will negotiate with the platform in the order from front to back when configuring the codec methods
Hook-flash handle	The gateways provide the following processing modes after detecting hook flash from subscriber terminals: processing the hook flash internally; transmitting the hook flash to platform with RFC 2833, and transmitting the flash-off to platform with SIP INFO.

Name	Description
DTMF method	Transmission modes of DTMF signal supported by the gateways include Audio, RFC 2833 and SIP INFO. The default value is Audio.
	Audio: DTMF signal is transmitted to the platform with sessions;
	SIP INFO: Separate DTMF signal from sessions and transmit it to the platform in the form of SIP INFO messages;
	RFC 2833: Separate DTMF signal from sessions and transmit it to the platform through RTP data package in the format of RFC2833.
2833 payload type	Used with "RFC 2833" in the DTMF transmission modes. The default value of 2833 payload type is 100. The effective range available: $96 \sim 127$ . This parameter should match the setting of far-end device (eg. platform).
DTMF on-time	This parameter sets the on time (in ms) of DTMF signal sent from FXO port. The default value is 100 ms. Generally, the duration time should be set in the range of $80 \sim 150$ ms.
DTMF off-time	This parameter sets the off time (ms) of DTMF signal sent from FXO port. The default value is 100 ms. Generally, the interval time should be set in the range of $80 \sim 150$ ms.
DTMF detection threshhold	Minimum duration time of effective DTMF signal. Its effective range is 32-96 ms and the default value is 48 ms. The greater the value is set, the more stringent the detection is.

Table 2-5 Coded	e Methods	Supported	by Gateways

Codec Supported by VG	Bit Rate (Kbit/s)	Time Intervals of RTP Package Sending (ms)
iLBC	13.3/15.2	20/30
GSM	13	20
G729A	8	10/20/30/40
G723	5.3/6.3	30/60
PCMU/PCMA	64	10/20/30/40

# 2.3.3 SIP Configuration

After login, click "Basic> SIP" tab to open the SIP configuration interface.

#### Figure 2-4 SIP Configuration Interace

	Routing	Line	Advanced	Status	Logs	Tools	Info	
come admi					Network   S	vstem   SIP   MG	CP   Logou	
time: 2009-00	6-10 13:51:06							
_								
		Signaling port	5060	1~9999,defa	ult 5060			
		Registrar server		e.g. 168.33.1	34.50:5060 or www	.sip.com:5060		
		Proxy server	localhost:5060	e.g. 168.33.134.51:5000 or www.sipproxy.com:5000				
	Ba	kup proxy server		e.g. 168.33.134.53:5060				
	User agent domain name e.g. www.gatewaysip.com							
	Aut	hentication mode	Register by gatewa	у 🚩				
		User name		You may obtai	n it from service pro	vider		
		Password		You may obtain it from service provider				
	R	egistration period	600	15~86400(s), default 3600				
		80	bmit Adva	nced Defa	ault			

Table 2-6 SIP Configuration Parameters

Name	Description
Signaling port	Configure the UDP port for transmitting and receiving SIP messages, with its default value 5060.
	Note: The signaling port number can be set in the range of 1-9999, but cannot conflict with the other port numbers used by the equipment.
Register server	Configure the address and port number of SIP register server, and the address and port number are separated by ":". It has no default value.
	The register server address can be an IP address or a domain name. When a domain name is used, it is required to activate DNS service and configure DNS server parameters on the page of configuring network parameters. For example: "201.30.170.38:5060", "register.com: 5060".
Proxy server	Configure the IP address and port number of SIP proxy server, and the address and port number are separated by ":". It has no default value.
	The proxy server address can be set to an IP address or a domain name. When a domain name is used, it is required to activate DNS service and configure DNS server parameters on the page of configuring network parameters. Examples of complete and effective configuration: "201.30.170.38:5060", "softswitch.com: 5060".
Backup proxy server	Configure the IP address and port number of backup proxy server. It has no default value. Add the address of calling proxy server here, and the gateways can support selection function of multiple softswitch addresses through IP address. The format must be IP address format and complete and effective configuration, eg. "202.202.2.202:2727". The proxy and register severs must be identical.
	Conditions for falling over to the backup proxy server (any):
	1) Gateway register is timeout;
	2) No response to master server calls is timeout;
User agent domain name	This domain name will be used in INVITE messages. If it is not set here, the gateways will use the IP address or domain name of proxy server as user agent domain name. It has no default value. It is recommended that subscribers not use LAN IP address to set domain name parameter.
Authentication mode	The gateway support three registration sheme: register per line, register per gateway and Line Reg/GW Auth. The default value is register by line.
	• Register by line: authentication and register per line;
	• Register by gateway: authentication and register per gateway;
	• Line Reg/GW Auth: register per line, but authentication per gateway.
User name	Configure the user name as part of the account for registration, and it has no default value. Note: If "Register by gateway" or "Line Reg/GW Auth", is selected, the user name must be entered here. If "register by line" is selected the user name should be set on "Line > Feature" page (Refer to "Feature").
Password	Password as part of account information is used for authentication by platform. It has no default value. It is formed with either numbers or characters, and case sensitive. Note: If "Register by gateway" or "Line Reg/GW Auth", is selected, the password must be entered here. If "register by line" is selected the password should be set on "Line > Feature" page (Refer to "Feature").
Registration period	Valid time of SIP re-registration in second.

# 2.3.4 MGCP Configuration

The gateways use SIP protocol by default. When the gateways need to interface with MGCP protocol -based softswitch platform, users should set relevant parameters here.

After login, click "Basic > MGCP" tab to open the configuration interface.

Figure 2-5 MGCP Configuration Interface

dmin 009-06-10 13:51:06			<u>Network   System   SIP   MGCP  </u>
Signaling port	2427	1~9999	default 2427,
Proxy server		e.g. 46.	33.136.50:2727 or www.proxy.com:2727
User agent domain name		e.g. ww	w.gatewaymgcp.com
Default event package	L,D,G	Valid va	lue: A,B,D,G,H,L,M,T. Default L,D,G
Persistent line event	L/HD,L/HU	Default	L/HD,L/HU
FXO event package	Handset Package 💌		
Wildcard	Not allowed 🛛 💌		
Compatibility Configuration			
CR for End-of-Line			Quarantine default to loop
Enable first digit timer			Using configured digit map
Using notify instead of	401/402		No name in default package
Keep connection when	on-hook		
-			
	Submit	Default	

Table 2-7 MGCP Configuration Parameters

Name	Description
Signaling port	Configure the UDP port for transmitting and receiving MGCP messages, and default is 2427. Note: The signaling port number can be set in the range of 1-9999, but cannot conflict with the other port numbers used by the equipment.
Proxy server	Configure the IP address and port number of MGCP proxy server, separated by ":", and it has no default value. The address can be set to an IP address or a domain name according the subscribers' requirements. When a domain name is used, it is required to activate DNS service and configure DNS server on the page of configuring network parameters. Examples of complete and effective configuration: "202.202.2.202:2727", "callagent.com: 2727".
User agent domain name	It is the gateway logo when the gateways register with proxy server, and it has no default value. Example: test.newrock.com, [192.168.2.100].
Default event package	<ul> <li>List all the types of default event packages supported by gateways, and multiple package names are separated by",".</li> <li>The default value is L,D,G.</li> <li>L: Line Package;</li> <li>D: DTMF Package;</li> <li>G: Generic Media Package.</li> </ul>
Persistent line event	<ul> <li>List the event types that the gateway can report, and persistent line events are separated by ",". When gateways process the events listed here, they will report to the call agent.</li> <li>Note: This parameter must be set since there is no default value. The factory setting is L/HD, L/HU:</li> <li>L/HD: Offhook;</li> <li>L/HU: Onhook.</li> </ul>
FXO event package	Handset Package Line Pakage

Name	Description
Wildcard	Select whether a wildcard with prefix is allowed when a gateway registers to the call agent. The default value is "not allowed".
	• Partially allowed: Gateways will use a wildcard with fixed prefix (eg. aaln / *) when registering. For example, when configuring telephone numbers, if line 1 is set to "aaln/1", line 2 is set to "aaln/2" and line 3 is set to "aaln/3", the gateways will register to the call agent in "aaln/*" without the need of registering the lines individually.
	• Allowed: the gateways will use a wildcard in registering without prefix.
Compatibility Configuration	
CR for End-of-Line	Select whether CR is used as the end of line in the MGCP messages. Default not selected.
	• Selected: CR is used as the end of line
	• Unselected: CRLF is used as the end of line
Quarantine default to loop	Select the Qurantine handle of gateways making a request to the outside, and default not selected.
	• Selected: Quarantine using loop mode, the gateways will continually Notify all events as requested after receiving a request.
	• Unselected: Qurantine using step mode, the gateway only Notify one event at a time, and quarantine the other event(s), until the new NotificationRequest from platform.
Enable first digit timer	Select the processing mode when there is no timeout parameter in the outside request received by the gateways, and default not selected.
	• Selected: the gateways will report timeout in terms of its own timeout setting (the time interval set in non-dial timeout of configuration system parameters) when subscribers hasn't dialed up in time after offhook.
Using configured digit map	Select if the digit map configured by local gateway are used, and default not selected.
Using notify instead of 401/402	Set if the gateways report "offhook events" to replace 401 messages in NTFY or report "onhook events" to replace 402 messages in NTFY when responding to messages sent by the call agent. Default not selected.
	• Selected: The gateways will use NTFY message to replace 401 and 402 messages.
No name in default package	Select if a package name is included when the gateways reply to the default package, and default not selected.
Keep connection when on-hook	Select if the gateways actively cancel connection disconnect when subscribers hook on, and default not selected.

# 2.4 Routing

# 2.4.1 Digit Map

After login, click "Routing> Digit Map" tab to open the dialing rules interface as shown in Figure 2-6.

#### Figure 2-6 Configuration Interface for Digit Map

ne admin	Advanced	Status	Logs it Map   Routi	Tools	Inf
ne: 2009-06-10 13:51:06		Dig	it http://		
01[3,5,8]ЖЖЖЖЖЖ 010жЖЖЖЖ 02%ЖЖЖЖЖЖ 120 110(2,2-9) 110(2,2-9) 110,2-9) 110,2-9 110,2-9 100-x		Note: 0-9, *, #: The numbers from permitted dialing c x: The x sign can mat the x sign can mat the value 1. can m T: Indicates the dialir example, the value multiple numbers a the system conside []:	haracters. ch with any numbe ch with 1 or 2. ch with multiple vali atch with 11 or 123 ug event ends due 1 .x.T indicates that.	rs. For example, ues. For example, to timeout. For a subscriber dials ts time out. Then	<

Dialing rules are used to effectively judge if the received number sequence is completed, for the purpose of ending up receiving numbers and sending out the received numbers. The proper use of dialing rules can help to reduce the connection time of telephone calls.

The maximum number of rules that can be stored in gateways is 60. Each rule can hold not more than 32 numbers and 38 characters. The total length of dialing rules table (the total length of all dialing rules) cannot be more than 2280 bytes.

The following provides a description of tipical rules:

Digit map	Description
"X"	Represents any number between 0-9.
	The x sign can match with any numbers. For example, the x sign can match with 1 or 2.
	Represents more than one digit between 0-9.
	The . sign can match with number with any length. For example, the value 1. can match with 11 or 123.
··##"	End after receiving two-digit dialing "##". "##" is an special dialing for users to receive gateway IP address and version number of firmware by default.
"x.T"	The gateways will detect any length of telephone number starting with any number between 0-9. The gateways will send the detected number when it has exceeded the dialing end time set in system parameter configuration and hasn't received a new number.
"x.#"	Any length of telephone number starting with any number between 0-9. If subscribers press # key after dial-up, the gateways will immediately end up receiving numbers and send all the numbers before # key.
"*xx"	End after receiving * and any two-digit number. "* xx" is primarily used to activate function keys for supplementary services, such as CRBT, Call Transfer, Do not Disturb, etc.
"#xx"	End after receiving # and any two-digit number. "#xx" is primarily used to stop function keys for supplementary services, such as CRBT, Call Transfer, Do not Disturb, etc.
[2-8]xxxxxx	A 7-digit number starting with of any number between 2-8, used to end the dialing.
02xxxxxxx	A 11-digit number starting with 02, used to end the dialings starting with "02".

Table 2-8 Description of Digit map

Digit map	Description
13xxxxxxxx	A 11-digit number starting with 13, used to end the dialings.
11x	A 3-digit number starting with 11, used to end the special service calls.
9xxxx	A 5-digit number starting with 9, used to end special service calls.

## 2.4.2 Routing Table

After login, click "Routing> "Routing Table" tab to open the configuration interface.

Figure 2-7 Configuration Interface for Routing Table

Velcome admin ogin time: 2009-06-10 13:51:06	Digit Map	Routing Table	<u>IP Table</u>	Logout
			~	
Submit Help				

#### Click "Help" to open the illustrative interface for routing configuration

Note:	
Note: Routing Rules	Î
1.Matching from top to bottom	
2.100 rules are allowed	
3.When there is no rule matched, the call will be processed as follows: a) If it is a outgoing call, the call will be ourted to SIP proxy; b) If it is a incoming call, the call will be routed according to its called party number; if the called party number does not exist, 404 will be returned.	
4.When matched port is not in idle state, 486 will be returned for FXS port, and 503 will be returned for FXO port.	-

The routing table with 100 rules in capacity provides two functions including digit transformation and call routing assignment. Here are the general rules applied by gateways when executing the routing table:

- 1) The routing rules in the table are executed from top to down, and the number matching follows the principle of minimum & priority matching;
- 2) When there is no rule matched, the call will be processed as follows:
  - a) For outbound calls, calls will be routed to SIP proxy;
  - b) For inbound calls, calls will be routed according to its called party number, and if the called party number does not exist, 404 will be returned.
- 3) When matched port is not in idle state, 486 will be returned for FXS port, and 503 will be returned for FXO port.
- 4) When domain name is used in rule, DNS must be selected and enabled first.



Rules must be filled out without any blank at the beginning of each line; otherwise the data can't be validated even if the system prompts successful submital.

The routing table is empty by default. The gateways will point a call to the SIP proxy server when there is no matched rule for the call.

The format of number transformation is

#### Source Number Replacement Method

For example: "FXS 021 REMOVE 3" means removing the prefix 021 of the called number for calls from FXS port, where "FXS" is source, "021" is number, and "REMOVE 3" indicates the method of number transformation.

The format of routing rules is

#### Source Number ROUTE Routing Destination

For example: "IP 800[0-3] ROUTE FXO 1,2,3,4" means routing calls from IP with called number between 8000~8003 to FXO port in a sequential selecting order of 1, 2, 3, 4. Namely, FOX Port 2 is selected when FXO Port 1 is busy and so on.

Detailed definitions of source and number, number transformation moethods and routing destination are shown below.

Table 2-9 Routing Table Format

Name	Description
Source	There are three types of source: IP, FXS and FXO.
	Among them, IP source can be any IP address and is denoted by "IP"; "IP [xxx.xxx.xxx]" is used to denote specific IP address; "IP [xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx: port]" is used to denote specific IP address with port number.
	FXS and FXO ports can be any port, represented with "FXS" or "FXO"; special lines can be represented with FXS or FXO + port number, eg. FXS1, FXO2 or FXS [1-2], etc.
Number	It chould be a calling number with the form of CPN + number or a called number with the form of number. The number may be denoted with digit $0-9,"*",".","#"," x "$ , etc., and uses the same regular expression as that of dialing rules. Here are some of the form of number:
	• Designate a specific number: eg.114, 83113854;
	• Designate a number matching a prefix: such as 83xxxxxx. Note: the matching effect of 83xxxxxx is different from that of 83x or 83.
	• Specify a number scope. For example, 268[0-1, 3-9] specifies any 4-digit number starting with 268 and followed by a digit between 0-1or 3-9;
	Note: Number matching follows the principle of "minimum matching". For example: x matches any number with at least one digit; xx matches any number with with at least two-digit; 12x matches any number with at least 3-digit starting with 12.

Table 2-10 Number Transformations

Processing Mode	Description and Example
KEEP	Keep number. The positive number behind KEEP means to keep several digits in front of the number; the negative number means to keep several digits at the end of the number. Example: FXS 075583113854 KEEP -8 Keep the last 8 digits of the called number 075583113854 for calls from FXS. The transformed called number is 83113854.
REMOVE	Remove number. The positive number behind REMOVE means to remove several digits in the front of the number; the negative number means to remove several digits at the end of the number. For example: FXS 0755 REMOVE 4 Remove 0755 of the called number beginning with 0755 for calls from FXS.
ADD	Add prefix or suffix to number. The positive number behind ADD is the prefix; the negative number is suffix.Example 1:FXS1CPNXADD021FXS2CPNXADD010Add 021 in front of calling numbers for calls from FXS port 1; add 010 in front of calling numbers for calls from FXS port 2.Example 2:FXSCPN6120ADD-8888Add 8888 at the end of the calling number starting with 6120 for calls from FXS port.
REPLACE	Number replacement. The replaced number is behind REPLACE.Example: FXSCPN88REPLACE2682000Replace the calling number beginning with 88 for calls from FXS port to 2682000.
REPLACE	Other use of REPLACE is to replace the specific number based on other number associated with the call. For example, replaceing the calling number according to the called number.Examples:FXS 12345 REPLACE CPN-1/8621FXS CPN13 REPLACE CDPN0/0For calls from FXS ports with called party number of 1234, removing one digit at the rear of the calling number and add 8621; for call s from FXS ports with calling party number starting with 13, add 0 in front of the called number.

Processing Mode	Description and Example		
END or ROUTE	End of number transformation. From top to bottom, number transformation will be stopped when END or ROUTE is encountered; the gateways will route the call to the default routing after meeting EDN, or route the call to the designed routing after meeting ROUTE. Example 1:		
	FXS 12345 ADD -8001		
	FXS 12345 REMOVE 4		
	FXS 12345 END		
	Add suffix 8001 to the called number starting with 12345 for calls from FXS ports, then remove four digits in front of the number to end number transformation.		
	Example 2:		
	IP[222.34.55.1]         CPNX.         REPLACE         2680000           IP[222.34.55.1]         CPNX.         REPLACE         2680000		
	IP[222.34.55.1]     CPNX.     ROUTE     FXS     2       For colla from ID address 222.24.55.1     colling parts number is replaced by		
	For calls from IP address 222.34.55.1, calling party number is replaced by 2680000, and then the call is routed to FXS port 2 with the new calling party number.		
CODEC	Designate the use of codec, such as PCMU/20/16, where PCMU denotes G.711, /20 denotes RTP package interval of 20 milliseconds, and /16 denotes echo cancellation with 16 milliseconds window. PCMU/20/0 should be used if echo cancellation is not required to activate.		
	Example:		
	IP 6120 CODEC PCMU/20/16		
	PCMU/20/16 codec will be applied to calls from IP with called party number starting with 6120.		
RELAY	Insert prefix of called party number when calling out. The inserted prefix number follows behind REPLAY.		
	Example:		
	IP 010 RELAY 17909		
	For calls from IP with called party number starting with 010, digit stream 17909 will be outpulsed before the original called party number being sending out.		

Table 2-11	Routing Destination
10010 2 11	Routing Destinution

Destination	Description and Example
ROUTE NONE	Calling barring. Example: IP CPN[1,3-5] ROUTE NONE Bar all calls from IP, of which the calling numbers start with 1, 3, 4, 5.
ROUTE FXS	Route a call to FXS ports.         Example 1:         IP 800[0-3] ROUTE FXS 1,2,3,4         Select FXS port in a sequencial way.         Example 2:         IP 800[0-3] ROUTE FXS 1         Point this call to FXS port 1.         Example 3:         IP 800[0-3] ROUTE FXS 1,2,3,4/g         For terminating the call from IP, ring FXS port 1, 2, 3, 4 simultaneousely.

Destination	Description and Example		
ROUTE FXO	Route a call to FXO port. Example: IP x ROUTE FXO 1,2,3,4/r Select the outgoing call FXO port in a round robin way.		
ROUTE IP	Route a call to the IP platform.Example:FXS 021 ROUTE IP 228.167.22.34:5060228.167.22.34:5060 is the IP address of the platform.		

## 2.4.3 Application Examples of Routing Table

Some typical functions that can be realized by the routing table are provided in this section:

- 1) One Phone with Double Numbers
- 2) Hunting Group
- 3) Outbound Call Barring
- 4) FXO Port Hunting for Outbound Call

#### **One Phone with Double Numbers**

The hand set connected to gateway can be configured with two numbers through One Phone with Double Numbers. For example, port FXS1 is set with PSTN number 61202701 and extention number 1001 for internal calling

Routing Setting

FXS	1001	ROUTE	IP	127.0.0.1:5060
IP	1001	ROUTE	FXS	1

Description:

- 1) Send the call with the called number starting with 1001 and from FXS port to 5060 port of gateway IP;
- 2) Send the call with the called number starting with 1001 and from any IP to the FXS port 1.

Configuration number of FXS1 itself is 61202701, so the call of this number is not required to write specialized routing.

#### **Hunting Group**

A hunting group can be associated with a set of FXS ports, and an inbound call from IP or FXO ports can be routed to a hunting group. There are three circuit selection algorithms available: 1) sequential selection, 2) circular selection, and 3) simultaneouse ringing.

Routing Setting:

Take VG1X-4S/4 gateway as an example. Send the inbound call from IP trunk and analog line in a circular way to the phone set on the  $2^{nd}$  or  $3^{rd}$  FXS port.

FXO	х	ROUTE	IP	127.0.0.1:5060
IP	х	ROUTE	FXS	2, 3

Description:

- 1) Send all calls from FXO port to 5060 port of gateway local IP;
- 2) Send all inbound calls from any IP (inside and outside) to the 2nd or 3rd FXS port in sequence. Namely, the 2nd FXS port is selected firstly when it is free, otherwise the 3rd port is selected.

#### **Outbound Call Barring**

Restrict users to dial certain telephone numbers, such as an international call. Examples are as follows:

Routing Setting	Description
FXS[1] 0 ROUTE NONE	A calling starting with 0 is barred to dial using the phone set at FXS1 port.
FXS[1-4] 00 ROUTE NONE	A calling starting with 00 is barred to dial at 1-4 FXS ports.
FXS CPN2 ROUTE NONE	The telephone whose calling number starts with 2 at FXS port is barred to call out.

#### **FXO Port Hunting with Outbound Calls**

Routing Setting (take VG1X-4S/4 as an example):

FXS x ROUTE IP 127.0.0.1:5060

IP x ROUTE FXO 1,2,3,4/r

Description:

- Send all calls from FXS port to 5060 port of gateway local IP (this port must be consistent with the local port in "Configuring SIP");
- 2) Send all calls from any IP to FXO port for round selection in an order;

### 2.4.4 IP Table

After login, click "Routing> "IP Table" tab to open the configuration interface.

Figure 2-8 Configuration Interface for IP Table

Welcome ac .ogin time: 200	<b>lmin</b> 19-06-10 13:51:06				<u>Digit Map</u>   <u>Routing Table</u>   IP Table   <u>Logout</u>
	Select all	I.	ł	Add Delete	Note: 1. The table is used to filter the source IP address that receives signaling. 2. For example, add 202.96.209.133. Indicating processing only messages from 202.96.209.133.
					Submit

This table is designed to ensure the safe use of gateways. Administrators can add the authorized IP addresses to this table, and the gateways will only process the information from authorized IP addresses. If the IP table is empty, the gateways will not perform IP address-based message filtering.

For example: the gateway will only process the messages from 202.96.209.133 after adding 202.96.209.133 to its IP table.

## 2.5 Line Configuration

### 2.5.1 FXS or FXO Phone Number

After login, click "Line > FXS phone number" tab or "Line > FXO phone number" tab to open the configuration interface.

### Figure 2-9 Configuration Interface for Telephone Number

Basic	Routing	Line	Advanced	Status	Logs	Tools	Info
Welcome ad Login time: 2009			FXS phone nur	nber	FXO phone number	<u>Feature</u>   <u>Tru</u>	nk   Logout
		FXS 1st line No.		Batch			
		ID9	8008				
		ID10	8009				
		ID11	8010				
		ID12	8011				
		ID13	8012				
		ID14	8013				
		ID15	8014				
		ID16	8015				
			Sul	bmit			

admin 009-06-10 13:51:06	FXS phone number	FXO phone number   Feature   Trunk
FXO 1st line No.		Batch
ID1	8000	
ID2	8001	
ID3	8002	
ID4	8003	
ID5	8004	
ID6	8005	
ID7	8006	
ID8	8007	

### Table 2-12 Configuration Parameters of Telephone Number

Name	Description
FXS 1st line No.	This number is used for the batch setup of consecutive number of subscriber line. Click "Batch "after filling in initial number, the number of Line 1 adopts initial number; that of Line 2 increases 1 progressively based on that of Line 1, and so on. You needn't fill in if you do not use batch configuration or the number is not consecutive.
ID n	Fill in the telephone number associated with the subscriber line n (FXS port). This should be manually perform if Batch mode is not used.
FXO 1st line No.	This number is used for the fast setup of consecutive number of trunk line. Click "Batch " after filling in initial number, the number of Line 1 adopts initial number; that of Line 2 increases 1 progressively based on that of Line 1, and so on. You needn't fill in if you do not use batch configuration or the number is not consecutive.
ID n	Fill in the telephone number associated with the trunk n (FXO port). This should be manually perform if Batch mode is not used.

## 2.5.2 Subscriber Line Features

This page is only used for configuring gateways with subscriber lines (FXS port). After login, click "Line > Feature" tab to open the configuration interface.

### Figure 2-10 Configuration Interface for Subscriber Line Features

teps: 1.Select a line and set parameters; 2.Submit; 3.Batch 008 Max 20 digits 2 Max 40 characters 4ot line Max 20 digits 2 Color ring back tone 0~255
Max 40 characters       Iot line       Max 20 digits       Color ring back tone       0~255
Max 20 digits       Z     Color ring back tone       0~255
Max 20 digits           Z         Color ring back tone           0~255
Color ring back tone 0~255
0~255
0.000
alid SPD index value is between 20 to 49. Configure syntax is "Index-Number" and aparate multiple settings with "/". e.g. 20-61131568/21-13866688888 2
Call Forwarding-Unconditional
Call Forwarding-No Reply
Call Forwarding-Busy
2
ork to additional number, for example a cell phone number
Also see " Caller release " in page " Advanced > Line "
In call waiting Call hold Caller transfer Caller ID restriction DND (Do Not Disturb)
Maintenance

Table 2-13 Configuration Parameters of Subscriber Line Features

Name	Description
Line ID	Select a subscriber line required to configure. "FXS -n" corresponds to the "Line > FXS phone Number > ID n". Copy the configuration of "FXS -n" for selected line to "FXS -n+1"~"FXS - m" by clicking "Batch", where n indicates the current selected subscriber line number and m indicates the total number of subscriber lines.
Phone number	Display the Telephone Number of this line set in "Line Configuration > FXS phone Number". Users can input or change the telephone number here.
Registration	Setelect if this line is required to register with softswitch. This is selected as default.
Password	If the "Registration" is selected, users need to enter the authentication password for register of this line here.
	ng features are valid only in SIP protocol. When the gateways use MGCP are controled by the proxy server without the need of setting on gateways.
Hot line	Select if the gateways are required to automatically dial out the hotline number after offhook. By default, hot line is disabled.
	• Disable hot line: Close this feature.
	• Hot line: Automatically dial out the hotline number after offhook.
	• Delayed hot line: Automatically dial out the hotline number after offhook is timeout with a time delay of 5 seconds.
Hot line number	After the hotline function is activated on this line, the hotline number must be entered here.

Name	Description
CRBT	CRBT stands for Color Ring Back Tone. Set if CRBT is activated, that is, provide prepared audio package as ringback tone. Note: it is required to set the CRBT file download platform. This is not selected by default.
	VG1X and M100 support two CRBT storage modes: on-system (stored in a flash memory) and run-time download (from FTP server). The capacity of both modes are described as follows:
	On-sytem:
	• VG1X: No more than 20 seconds in G.729 format (fring1.dat)
	• VG53X,VG54X: Up to 20 tone files, a maximum of 400 seconds in G.729 format or 50 seconds in G.711 format.
	Run-time download:
	• VG1X/VG53X,VG54X: Up to 20 tone files, a maximum of 10000 seconds in G.729 format or 1250 seconds in G.711 format.
	Note:Tone files are stored in the flash memory and the gateways automatically download the tone files from FTP server after power on.
CRBT ID	Set the CRBT number with a valid rang of 0~255, where 0 indicates disabling CRBT. The default value is 0.
Speed dials	Select if the Speed dials is activated on this line. By default, this is not selected.
Speed dial list	If the Speed dials is activated on this line, enter the speed dials list. The abbreviated number consists of max 30 pairs of "abbreviated number-real number" with an minus sign between them; "abbreviated number-real number" pairs are separated by "/"; the value range of abbreviated number is $20 \sim 49$ . For example: 20-61202700/23-13052475522/30-96961. Users can set the list on a telephone set and display it here.
Call forwarding	Select if Call Transfer is activated on this line. By default, it is not selected.
CFU	If it is required to forward all incoming calls unconditionally, enter the new destination number here.
CFNR	If it is required to forward an incoming call when there is no answer, enter the new destination number here.
CFB	If it is required to forward an incoming call when it is busy, enter the new destination number here.
Forking	Select if the Forking is activated. Forking allows the gateway to initiate a call to another telephone terminal while ringing on this line terminal, and the answer by either terminal will end up with ringing of the other terminal.
Forking number	If forking of this line is activated, set a number for the second ringing terminal here. The ringing terminal can be another port of gateways or an external terminal such as mobile phone.
Release control by caller	Select if the call release is controlled by the caller. By default, this is not selected.
	• Selected: The gateway will immediately release the call upon caller hanging up; the gateway will not release the call as long as the caller is still off until timeout (60 seconds by default);
	• Unselected: The gateway will immediately release the call upon either party hanging up the call.
Call waiting	Select if Call waiting is activated on this line. By default this is not selected.
CID on call waiting	Select if Caller ID Display is activated on this line during call waiting. By default, this is not selected.

Name	Description
Call hold	Select if Call Hold is activated on this line. By default this is not selected. Note: If this function is activated, the gateways will automatically activate Call Transfer (Either party may transfer the current call to a third party).
Caller Transfer	Select if Caller Transfer is activated on this line. By default, this is not selected. When A calls to B, B picks up the call and transfers the call to C,. Note: The call hold must be activated before caller transfer.
Caller ID display	Set if Caller ID display is activated on this line. By default, this is selected. Note: In addition to number display, the Caller ID can display the names of incoming calls as long as terminal equipments support.
Caller ID restriction	Set if the number of this telephone is sent to the called party. By default this is not selected.
Outgoing call barring	Select if outgoing calls are barred on this line. By default, this is not selected.
DND	Select if "Do Not Disturb" is activated on this line. By default, this is not selected.
Direct Dialing in (DDI)	Set if DDI (Direct Dialing In) is activated, By default this is not selected. Different from FXS, DDI is only used for incoming calls, and the gateways will not send dial tone after off-hook (calling in) on user side. Note: Reverse polarity signal must be activated on the gateways when DDI is used.
Maintenance	Select if the line is set to maintenance status, namely, stop to supply of power for the line port. By default, this is not selected.
Polarity reversed signal	Select if reverse polarity signal is activated on this line. By default, this is not selected. Note: The gateways will provide reverse polarity signal when the phone is connected after this feature is activated.
Subscribe MWI	Select if voice mail service is activated, and by default this is not selected. (Used with "Advanced > SIP" Interface "MWI subscription" Configuration)

## 2.5.3 Trunk Line Features

This page is only used for configuring gateways with trunks (FXO port). After login, click "Line > Trunk" tab to open the configuration interface.

Figure 2-11 Configuration Interface for Trunk Line Features

elcome admin gin time: 2009-06-10 13:51:06		EXS phone number   EXO phone number   Feature   Trunk   Logou
	I RUNK IU	FXO-1 V Batch Steps: 1.Select a line and set parameters; 2.Submit; 3.Batch
	Phone number	8000 Max 20 digits
	Registration	
	Password	Max 40 characters
	Inbound handle	Second stage dialing 👻
		I Dialing tone O Voice prompt
🗌 Outt	rity reversed signal bound blocking	Echo cancellation
	necc signal delay(Als	so see " Answer delay " in page " Advanced > Trunk ")
		Submit
	Inbound handle	Binding
	Binding number	Max 20 digits

Table 2-14 Configuration Parameters of Trunks

Name	Description
Trunk ID	Select a trunk line required to configure. "FXO-n" corresponds to the "Line > FXO phone Number ID n". Copy the configuration of "FXO-n" for selected line to "FXO-n+1"~"FXO- m" by clicking "Batch", where n indicates the current selected trunk number and m indicates the total number of trunks.
Phone number	Display phone number associated with the trunk set in "Line > FXO phone Number"
Registration	Select if this trunk registers with the SIP registeration server. By default, this is selected.
Password	If the "Registration" is selected, the authentication password for register of this line must be entered here.
	eatures are valid only in SIP protocol. When the gateways use MGCP of all call services is provided by the proxy server without the need of
Inbound handle	The gateways provide two scenarios for handling incoming calls of FXO port:
	• "Second stage dialing": When a telephone call comes to the FXO port, the gateways will provide the second dial tone and route the call according to the extension number pressed in. Note: dialing tone or voice prompt file can be changed by user.
	• "Binding": When a telephone call comes to the FXO port, the gateways will route the call to a FXS port according to the DID number bound with the port. Note: Setting a number to be bound is required or this setting is invalid.
Polarity reversed signal detection	If a PSTN line supports reverse polarity, make a selection here. Or this setting is invalid. By default, this is not selected.
Caller ID detection	Select if the detection function of caller ID for this FXO port is enabled. By default, this is selected.
Outgoing call barring	Select if this FXO port bars outgoing call service to PSTN. By default, this is not selected.
Echo cancellation	Select if echo cancellation is enabled for this FXO line.By default, this is selected.
Connect signal delay	After making an outgoing call from a FXO port, the gateway will send a 200 OK message to the platform with delay if this parameter is selected. If unselected, the system sends a 200 OK message to the platform after off hook on the FXO port. Used with the configuration item of "Answer delay" on the "Advanced > Trunk" interface.

# 2.6 Advanced Configuration

## 2.6.1 System

After login, click the label of "Advanced > System" to open this interface.

and the second se	Routing Li	ne Advanced	l Status	Logs	Tools	Info
ome admin ime: -10 13:51:06	System	Media Stream SIP	ine   Trunk   RADIUS	Encryption   Ton	es   Eunctional Key	<u>rs i Logo</u>
						_
NAT						_
	NW 148 74	aversal Dynamic NAT		11/251 M		_
	57 TC 19 M	period 15	more than 14			_
		address 🔘 NAT IP addr	ess 💿 Local IP addr	ess		_
Remo	te management	gement EMS	~			-
	Remote mana	/ server		10.21		-
-	Secondar		e.g. 222.157.	2000000		-
		og level 4	e.g. 222.157.3	13:/3		-
	1042 W W	100 C				-
<u></u>	Message retransfer	22 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 2				_
-	Registration	20 IN INCOME				_
Caracia	Status update on border proxy	e period 900				_
Sessi	un border proxy	Server	0.0.001.00.11	70.38:1020 or sbc.cor	ou 1000	_
	Signal	ing port 4660	1~65535,defa		11,1020	-
		The second second	1,0000010010			
		Submit	Basic Default			
						-
NAT						
NAT	NAT ti	aversal Static NAT	~			-
NAT	NAT ti NAT IP		<b>~</b>			_
NAT	NAT IP .			ess		
	NAT IP .	address		ess		
	NAT IP . SDP .	address		ess		
	NAT IP . SDP . NAT tr	address	ess			
	NAT IP . SDP . NAT tı Refresi	address ONAT IP addr	ess ③Local IP addr	s,default 60		
	NAT IP - SDP - NAT tr Refrest STUR	address ONAT IP addr address ONAT IP addr aversal STUN 1 period 15	more than 14	s,default 60 29		
	NAT IP - SDP - NAT tr Refrest STUR	address NAT IP addr aversal STUN n period 15 I server address ONAT IP addr	<ul> <li>Local IP addr</li> <li>more than 14</li> <li>e.g. 20.125.2.</li> <li>ess OLocal IP addr</li> </ul>	s,default 60 29		
NAT	NAT IP - SDP - NAT tr Refrest STUR SDP -	address NAT IP addr aversal STUN n period 15 I server address ONAT IP addr	Cocal IP addr     more than 14     e.g. 20.125.2. ess ③ Local IP addr	s,default 60 29		
NAT	NAT IP - SDP - NAT tr Refrest STUR SDP RTP receiv	address NAT IP addr aversal STUN 15 i server address O NAT IP addr ng port O NAT IP addr	O Local IP addr      more than 14     e.g. 20.125.2. ess ④ Local IP addr      rt ④ NAT port	s,default 60 29		

### Figure 2-12 Inferface of system advanced configuraiton

Table 2-15 Parameters of system advanced configuration

Title	Explanation
NAT	
NAT traversal	Gateways support several mechanisms for NAT traversal. Usually, static NAT is used when fixed public IP address is available. It's necessary to perform port mapping or DMZ function on router when choosing dynamic or static NAT.
Refresh period	The refresh time must be filled in here when choosing dynamic NAT or STUN traversal. Besides, refresh time interval shall be determined by giving consideration into the NAT refresh time of the LAN router which the gateway is located. Gateway's NAT holding function and STUN function will carry out periodically operation accoding to this parameter. With second as its unit, default value of 60 seconds.
SDP Address	This parameter determines the IP address used in transmitted SDP.
	• NAT IP Address: Apply NAT address into the transmitted SDP;
	• Local IP Address: Apply the gateway's IP address into the transmitted SDP.
	Note: The parameter should come into effect only on condition that gateway successfully obtained NAT address.
NAT IP address	This parameter must be filled when using static NAT traversal, in which IAD works under LAN and the WAN address is fixed. The WAN address should be filled in this field, which will be used in SDP. This parameter can be set in IP address format or hostname format (note: DNS service should be activated when hostname format is used). There is no default value for this field.

Title	Explanation
STUN server	Set the IP or domain name of STUN server. No default value. If the set is empty, the gateway will adopt the STUN server address configured at factory.
	When choosing STUN for NAT traversal, the gateway will carry out STUN operation periodically according to the configured interval time of NAT refresh.
RTP Receiving Port	The gateways will send the RTP receiving port selected here to the remote side.
	• NAT port: Use NAT mapped port, which is obtained through STUN, for example;
	• Local port: Use local SIP and RTP port.
Remote management	
Remote management	The gateways support EMS which is a centralized gateway management server provided by VOPTech, and Auto-provision.
EMS	
Primary server	User needs to enter the IP address and port of EMS server for activating EMS service.
Secondary server	User needs to enter the IP address and port of standby EMS server for activating EMS service. EMS server address could be set into IP or domain name according to the user's requirement. If adopt domain name as the address, the user should activate the "DNS service" as shown in the page of "Configure network parameter", and configure the parameter(s) of "DNS server". The complete and valid configurations are exampled as: "201.30.170.38:5060" and "softswitch.com:5060".
Log level	Gateway sends the log file level to EMS server, and the default value is 4. The parameter is controlled by EMS server, and users should not make any modification.
Message retransfer interval	This is the retransmission counter for message transmitting between the gateway and EMS server. The default is 3. The parameter is set by EMS server, and users should not make any modification.
Registration period	Gateways will perform registration to the EMS server periodically based on the time interval set here. With second as unit, default is 15. The parameter is set by EMS server, and users should not make any modification.
Auto provision	
Server	Gateways may download software upgrade packages and configuration files automatically through auto-provision server. Once the auto provision is selected, you have to enter the IP address of ACS here.
Session border proxy	
Server	Set the IP address and port number of session border proxy server. The character of ":" must be used between IP address and port number. Server address could be set into IP address or domain name. When domain name is used, "DNS service" must be activated as shown in the page of "Configure network parameter", and "DNS server" must be configured. Examples:"201.30.170.38:5060" and "softswitch.com:5060".
Signaling port	Signaling port value of the gateway, the default value is 4660. Signaling port number could be set at will, but can not conflict with other ports of equipment.

## 2.6.2 Media Stream

After login, click the label of "Advanced > Media Stream" to open this interface.

Figure 2-13 Media stream configuration interface

admin System   Media Str 51:06	eam   <u>SIP Line</u>  Tr	unk   RADIUS   Encryption   Tones   Eunctional Keys
.51.06		
Voice		
Min.RTP port	10010	3000~65535
Max.RTP port	10250	3020~65535
iLBC payload type	97	97~127, default 97
G.723.1 rate	6300(bit/s) 🔽	
TOS bits	0x0C	Normally 0x0C
	3	
Min.jitter buffer		3. Higher value results in more delay, set the value with
	caution	
Max.jitter buffer	50	10~250(frame), default 50
RTP drop SID		
Enable VAD		-
RTP destination address	From SDP global cc	nnection O From SDP media connection
FoIP	0.7.00	0.700
Jitter buffer	<ul> <li>T.38</li> <li>250</li> </ul>	O T.30
		0~1000(ms), default 250
Receiving port for FoIP ECM	Open a new port Error Correction I	<ul> <li>Use original voice port</li> </ul>
Receive gain	-6(dB)	Noue
Transmit gain		
Packet size		
Redundancy		
Reduitdancy		

Table 2-16 Media stream configuration parameter

Title	Explanation	
Min. RTP port	The minimum value of UDP ports for RTP transmission and receiving, and the parameter must be greater than or equal to 3000. This field must be filled in.	
	Note: each phone call will occupy RTP and RTCP ports. If the gateway is equipped with 4 subscriber lines (or trunk line), then at least 8 UDP ports are needed.	
Max. RTP port	The maximum values of UDP ports for RTP's transmission and receiving.	
	This field must be filled in. It's advisable to be greater than or equal to " $2 \times$ number of lines +min. RPT port".	
iLBC payload type	Set the RTP payload type of iLBC, and the default value is 97. Accepted value is $97 \sim 127$ . The parameter shall be configured in conformity to that of platform.	
G.723.1 rate	Set G.723.1 coding rate, the default value is 6300. The optional parameters are followings:	
	• 5300: the Bit rate is 5.3k per second;	
	• 6300: the Bit rate is 6.3k per second	
TOS bits	This parameter specifies the quality assurance of services with different priorities. The factory setting is 0x0C. For the mapping between the level that has no reliability requirement and the TOS value, seeTable 2-17.	
Min. Jitter buffer	RTP Jitter Buffer is constructed to reduce the influence brought by network jitter. This default value is 3. Higher value of this parameter could result in longer delay, therefore, it should be set with caution.	
Max. Jitter buffer	RTP Jitter Buffer helps to reduce the influence brought by network jitter. The default value is 50.	

Title	Explanation	
RTP drop SID	Determine whether to discard received RTP SID voice packets. By default, SID voice packets will not be dropped. Note: RTP SID packets should be dropped only when they are in unconformity to the specifications. Nonstandard RTP SID data could generate noise for calls.	
Enable VAD	Only applicable to G.723, GSM, iLBC. In case of selecting this parameter, it will not send any voice packet during mute period. By default, this is selected.	
RTP destination address	This parameter determines where to obtain the IP address of the receiving side for RTP packets. By default, the IP address is obtained "From SDP global connection".	
	• From SDP global connection: Obtain the IP address from SDP global connection;	
	• From SDP media connection: Obtain the IP address from SDP Media Description.	
FoIP		
	Select fax mode: T.38 or T.30	
Jitter buffer	Set the extent of T.38 jitter buffer, and the default is 250. The valid range is $40 \sim 1000$ in milliseconds.	
Receiving port for FoIP	Set whether to open a new port when the gateway is switching to T.38 mode, and by default, original voice port will be used.	
	• Open a new port: Use the new RTP port;	
	• Use original voice port: Use the original RTP port that created on call set.	
ECM	Determine whether to use corrective mode of fax. By default, it is not selected.	
Receive gain	Set the receiving gain of T.38 fax, with the default of -6dB.	
Transmit gain	Set the transmission gain of T.38 fax, with the default of 0dB.	
Packet size	Set the packet size of T.38. 30 milliseconds is the default value.	
Redundancy	Set the number of the redundant frames in T.38 data packaget, default is 4.	

Table 2-17 Mapping between the reliability requirement and the TOS value

Level	TOS Value (High Delay and High Throughput)	TOS Value (Low Delay and Low Throughput)	TOS Value (Low Delay and High Throughput)
0	0x08	0x10	0x18
1	0x28	0x30	0x38
2	0x48	0x50	0x58
3	0x68	0x70	0x78
4	0x88	0x90	0x98
5	0xA8	0xB0	0xB8
6	0xC8	0xD0	0xD8
7	0xE8	0xF0	0xF8

### 2.6.3 SIP related configuration

The SIP messages consist of request message and response message. Both include SIP message header field and SIP message body field. SIP message header maily describes the message sender and receiver; SIP message body mainly describes the specific implementation method of the dialog.

**Message of request:** the SIP message sent by a client to the server, for the purpose of activating the given operation, including INVITE, ACK, BYE, CANCEL, OPTION and UPDATE etc.

**Message of response**: the SIP message sent by a server to the client as response to the request, including 1xx, 2xx, 3xx, 4xx, 5xx, and 6xx responses.

Message header: Call-id.

**Parameter line**: Via, From, To, Contact, Csq, Content-length, Max-forward, Content-type, White Space, and SDP etc.

VG gateways provide good flexibility in content setting in order to improve the compatibility with the platform.

After login, click the label of "Advanced > SIP" to open this interface.

Figure 2-14 SIP related configuration interface

SIP related configuration		
	86400	
MWI subscription	RFC3842: 60~172800(	s), default 86400. Also see " Subscribe MWI " in page " Line
	> Feature "	
PRACK	RFC3262	
Session timer	RFC4028	
Session interval	1800	Max 10 digits, default 1800(s)
Minimum timer	1800	
Request/Response Configure		
Contact field in REGISTER	NAT IP address	LAN IP address
Domain name in REGISTER	Oomain name	🔘 Subdomain name
Via field	🔘 LAN IP address	NAT IP address
To field	💿 Subdomain name	Outbound proxy
Address in Call ID field	🔘 Host name	Occal IP address
Called party number	From Request Line	field 🔘 From <b>70</b> field
Calling party number in call transfer	O Originating number	Forwarding number
Do not validate Via	<b>V</b>	
Register upon invite timeout		

Title	Explanation
SIP related configuration	
MWI subscription	The default is 86400 seconds. The gateway will send platform a message to confirm that has subscribed MWI service at intervals of the time period set here. This parameter should be used in conjuection with voice mail subscription on the page of subscriber line.
PRACK	Determine whether to activate Reliable Provisional Responses. (RFC 3262)
Session timer	Choose to activate session refresh (Session Timer, RFC 4028). By default, session timer is not activated.
Session interval	Set the session refresh interval, the gateway will enclose the value of Session-Expires into INVITE or UPDATE messages. Default value is 1800 in second.
Minimum timer	Set the minimum value of session refresh interval.

Title	Explanation
Request/Response Configure	
Contact field in REGISTER	Choose the registration mode of gateway under LAN traversal circumstance, the default is "NAT IP Address".
	• LAN IP address: Keep original content of "Contact" when register;
	• NAT IP address: Use the NAT information returned by registration server.
Domain name in	The default is "Domain name".
REGISTER	<ul> <li>Domain name: Complete domain name used for registration (for example: <u>8801@registrar.newrock.com</u>);</li> </ul>
	• Subdomain name: Only use the common part of the name of domain (for example: <u>8801@newrock.com</u> ).
Via field	Choose whether to use NAT IP address or LAN IP address for "Via" header field value, the default is "NAT IP address".
To field	Choose whether to apply Domain name or Outbound proxy to "To" header field, the default is "Domain name".
Address in Call ID field	Choose whether to fill Call ID field with host name or local IP, the default is "local IP address".
Called party number	Choose whether the gateway acquires the called number from Request Line header field or To header field. The default is "from Request Line".
Calling party number in call transfer	Under call forwarding, the calling party number sent can be choose from Originating number or Forwarding number being set for sending, the default is "Forwarding number".
	For example: the subscriber line 2551111 on the gateway activates call forwarding feature and set the destination to 3224422. When caller with 13055553333 calls 2551111, the call will be forwarded to 3224422:
	• if choose "Originating number", the number 13055553333 will be sent to 3224422 as calling party number;
	• if choose "Forwarding number", the number 2551111 will be sent to 3224422 as calling party number;
Do not validate Via	Set whether to ignore Via field, By default, Via is ignored.
Register upon INVITE timeout	Set whether to activate registration when SIP message of INVITE is failed or time expired, and by default, re-registration is not selected.

## 2.6.4 Characteristics of subscriber line

After login, click the label of "Advanced > line" to open this interface.

### Figure 2-15 Subscriber-line characteristics configuration interface

Gain to IP	0(dB) 💌	
Gain to terminal	-3(dB) 💌	
Impedance	Complex 💌	
Min.hookflash	75 25~1000(ms),default 75	
Max.hookflash	800 80~1400(ms),default 800	
Hook debouncing	50 10~1000(ms),default 50	
Ring frequency	25 15~50(Hz), default 25	
Caller release	60 15~180(s), default 60. Also see " Release control " in page " Line > Feature "	
Outpulsing delay	0 0~20000(ms), 0: Outpulsing disable	
Polarity reversed charging	Outgoing O Bi-direction	
Polarity reversal delay	3 0~30(s),default 3	
Call ID transmit	FSK 💙 SDMF 🍸 After ringing 💙 With parity 💙	
Music on hold		
Call waiting with hunt group		
Message waiting light	None	

Table 2-19 Subscriber-line characteristics configuration parameter

Title	Explanation	
Gain to IP	Set the voice volume gain towarding IP side, the default is 0. Taking decibel as the unit, setting range is $-3 \sim +3$ decibels. $-3$ means declining of 3 decibels; $+3$ denotes the amplification of 3 decibels.	
Gain to terminal	Set the voice volume gain towarding FXS port side, the default is -3. Taking decibel as the unit, setting range is $-6 \sim +3$ decibels3 means declining of 3 decibels; +3 denotes the amplification of 3 decibels.	
Impedance	Select the parameter of FXS port line impedance, and the default value is 600 ohm. The optional values as below:	
	• Complex	
	• 600 (ohm)	
	• 900 (ohm)	
Min.hookflash	Used by gateway to detect Hook Flash event, the default is 75 milliseconds. The gateway will ignore any flash that fall short of the shortest flash time. Generally, this value should not be less than 75 milliseconds.	
Max.hookflash	Used by gateway to detect hook flash, the default is 800 milliseconds. The gateway will regard the flash duration between "Min.hookflash" and "Max.hookflash" as effective flash. Any flash lasting over the longest time will be considered by gateway as hang up. Generally, this value should not be less than 800 milliseconds.	
Hook debouncing	Used by gateway to avoid the glitch of the phone status, with default of 50 milliseconds.	
	When the duration from hang-up to off-hook falls short of this value, the gateway will ignore the status variation, and consider the phone remains hang-up status. In case of vice versa, the gateway will ignore the status variation, and consider the phone remains off hook status. Effective range of setting is 10~1000 milliseconds.	
Ring frequency	Set the ringing frequency to be transmitted by gateway to the phone, ranging from 15 to 50 Hz, with default of 20 Hz.	
Caller release	Set the delay release time of line as caller control method, with default of 60 seconds. Effective range of setting is 15~180 seconds.	

Title	Explanation
Outpulsing delay	Used when gateways' FXS port is connected with the trunk interface of PBXs. For calls from gateway to PBX, gateways will relay the extensions to PBX after the delay set here. Setting of "0" means no extension number relay. The default is 0 millisecond.
Polarity reversal	Set the trigger for polarity reversal the default is "Outgoing".
	• Outgoing:Transmit reverse polarity signal only when the outbound is connected;
	• Bi-direction: Transmit reverse polarity signal for the connection of both inbound and out bound calls.
Polarity reversal delay	The delay time from call being answereed to the transmission of reverse polarity signa. The default value is 3 in seconds. Effective range of setting is $0 \sim 30$ seconds.
Call ID transmit	Select transmission mode of Caller ID signal from the FXS port to the phone.
	• FSK or DTMF;
	• SDMF or MDMF;
	• Sending Caller ID data before or after ringing;
	• Sending Caller ID data with or without parity.
Music on hold	Choose whether to play the background music while call waiting, and the default is not to play.
Call waiting with hunt group	Choose whether to activate hunt group feature for call waiting, Default not selected.
Message waiting light	Choose the lighting method of message waiting indicator of voice mail here: None, Polarity reversed, FSK. Message waiting indicator refers to the special LED on a phone, working with voice mail function. When user gets the latest mail, the gateway will light this lamp upon receiving the notice from platform; the light goes off when the user well received all the mail. It's essential to understand whether the phone supports the indicators and lighting method when selecting the lighting method.

## 2.6.5 Characteristics of trunk line

After login, click the label of "Advanced > trunk" to open this interface.

### Figure 2-16 Trunk line characteristics configuraiton interface

Off-hook for rejection 600 500~5000(ms),default 600	Gain to PSTN Impedance Out plusing delay	-3(da) V Complex V
Impedance         Complex           Out plusing delay         400         0~20000(ms),default 400           Ring relay         FXS ring sync with FXO         FXS ring independently           Busy line handle         Voice prompt         FXS ring independently           PSTN failover         Impedance         Mode 1, Mode 1, Mode 11           Caller ID detection mode         Mode 1         Mode 1, Mode 11           Inbound first digit timeout         24         10~60(s), default 24. Timeout of collecting DTMF on FXO for inbound call           Answer delay         12         10~60(s), default 12. Also see " Connect signal delay " in page " Line > Trur           Off-hook for rejection         600         500~5000(ms),default 600	Impedance Out plusing delay	Complex V
Out plusing delay         400         0~20000(ms), default 400           Ring relay         O         FXS ring sync with FXO         FXS ring independently           Busy line handle         Voice prompt         Image: Comparison of the synchronization	Out plusing delay	
Ring relay       O       FXS ring sync with FXO       © FXS ring independently         Busy line handle       O       Voice prompt       ● Hand up         PSTN failover       Image: Caller ID detection mode       Mode I, Mode I, Mode II         Caller ID detection mode       Mode I       Mode I, Mode II         Inbound first digit timeout       24       10~60(s), default 24. Timeout of collecting DTMF on FXO for inbound call         Answer delay       12       10~60(s), default 12. Also see " Connect signal delay " in page " Line > Trur         Off-hook for rejection       600       500~5000(ms),default 600		400 0~20000(ms) default 400
Busy line handle       O Voice prompt       ● Hand up         PSTN failover       ✓         Caller ID detection mode       Mode I       Mode I, Mode II         Inbound first digit timeout       24       10~60(s), default 24. Timeout of collecting DTMF on FXO for inbound call         Answer delay       12       10~60(s), default 12. Also see " Connect signal delay " in page " Line > Trur         Off-hook for rejection       600       500~5000(ms), default 600	Ring relay	0.20000(115))derbaic 100
PSTN failover     ☑       Caller ID detection mode     Mode I     Mode I, Mode II       Inbound first digit timeout     24       10~60(s), default 24. Timeout of collecting DTMF on FXO for inbound call       Answer delay       Off-hook for rejection       600       500~5000(ms), default 600		FXS ring sync with FXO Image FXS ring independently
Caller ID detection mode     Mode I     Mode I, Mode II       Inbound first digit timeout     24       10~60(s), default 24. Timeout of collecting DTMF on FXO for inbound call       Answer delay     12       Off-hook for rejection     600       S00~5000(ms),default 600	Busy line handle	O Voice prompt 💿 Hand up
Inbound first digit timeout         24           10~60(s), default 24. Timeout of collecting DTMF on FXO for inbound call           Answer delay         12           10~60(s), default 12. Also see " Connect signal delay " in page " Line > Trur           Off-hook for rejection         600           500~5000(ms),default 600	PSTN failover	
Inbound first digit timeout           Inbound first digit timeout         10~60(s), default 24. Timeout of collecting DTMF on FXO for inbound call           Answer delay         12           10~60(s), default 12. Also see " Connect signal delay " in page " Line > True           Off-hook for rejection         600           500~5000(ms), default 600	Caller ID detection mode	Mode I 💌 Mode I, Mode II
Answer delay         10~60(s), default 12. Also see " Connect signal delay " in page " Line > Trur           Off-hook for rejection         600         \$00~\$000(ms), default 600	Inbound first digit timeout	
	Answer delay	12 10~60(s), default 12. Also see " Connect signal delay " in page " Line > Trunk "
	Off-hook for rejection	600 500~5000(ms),default 600
On-hook protection time 400 100~5000(ms),default 400	On-hook protection time	400 100~5000(ms),default 400
Polarity detection	Polarity detection	
Busy Detection	y Detection	
Repeat 2 2~5 (cycle), default 2	Repeat	2 2~5 (cycle), default 2
On-time 350 30~1000(ms),default 350	On-time	350 30~1000(ms),default 350
Off-time 350 30~2000(ms),default 350	Off-time	350 30~2000(ms),default 350

Table 2-20 Configuration parameter of trunk line characteristics

Title	Explanation
Gain to IP	Set the voice volumn gain towarding IP side, the default is 0. Taking decibel as the unit, setting range is $-3 \sim +9$ decibels. $-3$ means declining of 3 decibels; $+3$ denotes the amplification of 3 decibels.
Gain to PSTN	Set the voice volumn gain towarding PSTN side, the default is -3. Taking decibel as the unit, setting range is $-6 \sim +9$ decibels.
Impedance	Set the parameter of FXO line impedance, with the default of 600 ohm. The optional settings as below:
	• Complex
	• 600 (ohm)
	• 900 (ohm)
Outplusing delay	The time interval between FXO going off-hook and starting outpulsing the first digit to PSTN. The default is 400 in milliseconds.
Ring relay	Whether to relay the ring of inbound call to the FXS port when applying to DID. The default is "FXS ring independently".
Busy line handle	Either a voice prompt or hanging up can be applied to FXO port when an incoming call goes to the FXS port which is in busy. This applicable only to DID feature.
PSTN failover	Whether to route a call to PSTN through FXO port when the IP network faults or no response to the call request. Default selected.
Caller ID detection	• Mode 1: Detecting caller ID after ring;
mode.	• Mode 2: Detecting caller ID before ring; ;
	• Mode 3: Detecting caller ID before ring; ;
	• Mode 4: Detecting caller ID after ring;
Inbound first digit timeout	Set the timeout of calling DTMF on FXO port for inbound calls, ranging from 10-60 seconds, with default of 24 seconds.
Answer delay	Set the delay time of outbound connection ranging from 10-60 seconds, with default of 12 seconds. Working with "Line >Trunk" interface and "Connect signal delay" configuration.

Title	Explanation
Off-hook for rejection	Used for binding a FXO port with a FXS port. For inound calls to a FXO port, if the FXS port which binging with the FXO port is in the state of busy line, the gateway will hang up after hook off according to the time set by the parameter, so as to refuse the upcoming call. The duration of off hook is 500~5000 milliseconds, with default of 600 milliseconds.
On-hook protection time	Protection period following hang up of FXO port. During this period, gateway ignores any voltage variation of line. Value range is 100~5000 milliseconds, the default is 400 in milliseconds.
Polarity detection.	Choose whether to activate the detection of reverse polarity signal of FXO port inlet. Note the detection will work only when the trunk supports polarity reversal.
Busy Detection	
Repeat	Gateways will regard the busy tone signal with the repeat times specified here as hang-up signal. Default is 2, effective range is $2 \sim 5$ .
On-time	Set duration of busy tone signal, the default is 350 in milliseconds.
Off-time	Set the interval time of busy tone, the default is 350 in milliseconds.

## 2.6.6 Radius call logs

After login, click the label of "Advanced > RADIUS" to open this interface.

Figure 2-17	Configuration	interface	of Radius	call logs
-------------	---------------	-----------	-----------	-----------

lcome admin in time: -06-10 13:51:06	System   Media Str	eam   SIP   Line   Trunk   RADIUS   Encryption   Tones   Eurctional Keys   Log
	Primary server	e.g. 223.155.21.15:1813
	Key	The key should be configured the same for both client and server side
	Secondary server	e.g. 223.155.21.16:1813
	Key	The key should be configured the same for both client and server side
	Retransmit timer	3 1~10(s),default 3
	Retransmit times	3 🗸
	CDR type	🗌 Inbound 🔲 Outbound 🔲 Answered 📃 Unanswered
		Submit Default

Table 2-21 Configuration parameter of Radius call logs

Title	Explanation
Primary server	Set IP address and port number of preferred Radius server.
	Note: if the port number is not configured yet, please use Radius default port number of 1813.
Key	Set the share key to be used for encrypted communications between Radius client and server.
	Note: the share key should be configured the same for both client and server side
Secondary server	Set the IP address and port number of standby Radius server. When the fault appears in communications between gateway and preferred Radius server, the gateway will automatically activate standby Radius server. Note: in case of no configuration of port number, use default port number of 1813.

Title	Explanation		
Кеу	The share key for communications between Radius client and standby Radius server.		
	Note: the key should be configured the same for both client and server side		
Retransmit timer	Set the amount of overtime on response after transmission of Radius message, the default is 3 seconds. The retransmission will be performed If no response is given after the timeout.		
Retransmit times	Set the times of retransmission of Radius message when no response is received default is 3 times.		
CDR type	• Outbound: Set whether to send RADIUS charge message for outbound calls;		
	• Inbound: Set whether to send RADIUS charge message for inbound calls;		
	• Answered: Set whether to send RADIUS charge message when calls are connected;		
	• Unanswered: Set whether to send RADIUS charge message for unanswered calls.		

## 2.6.7 Encryption

After login, click the label of "Advanced > Encryption" to open this interface.

### Figure 2-18 Encryption configuration interface

Welcome ad Login time: 2009-06-10 13:5	System   Media Stre	am	<u>SIP   Line</u>	<u>Trunk</u>   <u>RADIUS</u>	Encryption	<u>Tones</u>	Functional Keys	<u>Loqout</u>
	Singnal encrypt							
	T.38 encrypt							
	RTP encrypt	0	~	You may ob	tain it from serv	ice provider	1	
	Encryption method	7	~	You may ob	tain it from serv	ice provider		
	Encryption key			You may ob	tain it from serv	/ice provider		
			Submit	Default				

### Table 2-22 Encryption configuration parameters

Title	Explanation
Singnaling encrypt	Choose whether to encrypt signaling. By default, this is not selected.
T.38 encrypt	Choose whether to encrypt T38 data. By default, this is not selected.
RTP encrypt	Choose whether to encrypt RTP voice pack, the default is "0"
	• 0: None (not to activate);
	• 1: RTP (fully encryption to RTP package);
	• 2: RTP Header (only encrypt RTP header);
	• 3: RTP Body (only encrypt RTP payload);
	• 13: Encrypt with Newrock specific algorithm.

Title	Explanation
Encryption mode	Set the gateway encryption method, default is 7. The optional parameters as below:
	• 2: TCP Not Encrypted;
	• 3: TCP Encrypted;
	• 6: UDP Not Encrypted;
	• 7: UDP Encrypted;
	• 8: Using Keyword;
	• 9: Using Keyword2;
	• 10: RC4;
	• 11: Using Keyword 3;
	• 12: Encrypt12;
	• 13: Encrypt13;
	• 14: Encrypt14;
	• 16: Word Reverse;
	• 17: Word Exchange (263);
	• 18: Byte Reverse;
	• 19: Byte Exchange.
Encryption key	You may obtain it from service provider

## 2.6.8 Call progress tone plan

After login, click the label of "Advanced > Tones" to open this interface.

### Figure 2-19 Call progress tone configuration interface

Country/Region	China 💌	Note:	^
Dial	450/0	350+440:	
2nd dial	450/0	Indicates the dual-frequency tone of 350 Hz and 440 Hz.	
Message waiting	450/100,0/100,450/100,0/100,450/100,0/100,-	480+620/500.0/500:	
Busy	450/350,0/350	Indicates that the dual-frequency tone of 480 Hz and	
Congestion	450/700,0/700	620 Hz is played with half second on and half second off.The value 0/500 indicates the mute of 500 ms.	
Ring back	450/1000,0/4000	440/300.0/10000.440/300.0/10000:	
Disconnect		Indicates that the single-frequency tone of 440 Hz is played twice with 300 milliseconds on and 10 seconds	-
Call waiting	450/400,0/4000	off.	
Confirmation	450/100,0/100,450/100,0/100,450/100,0/100	950/333,1400/333,1800/333,0/1000:	~

Table 2-23 Call progress tone configuration parameters

Title	Explanation
Country/region	There are progress tone plans for several countries and regions which are pre-programmed in gateways. Users may also specify the tone plan according to the national standard. Gateways provide tone plan for the following countries and regions: China; the United States; France; Italy; Germany; Mexico; Chile; Russia; Japan; South Korea; Hong Kong; Taiwan; India; Sudan; Iran; Algeria; Pakistan; Philippines; Kazakhstan;

VopTel Technology Co., Ltd

Title	Explanation				
Dial	rompt tone of off-hook dialup				
2nd dial	Used for the second stage dialup				
Message waiting	Used for prompt of voice mail, or when the subscriber line is set with "Don't Disturb Service and Call Transfer".				
Busy	Used for busy line prompt				
Congestion	Used for notification of call set up failure due to resource limit				
Ring back	The prompt tone sent to caller when ring				
Disconnect	Used for reminding the subscriber of off-hook and no dialup status of the phone				
Call waiting	Used for notification in call waiting				
Confirmation	Used for confirming function keys being entered.				

Here are examples which illustrate the rules of defining call progress tone.

• 350+440

Indicates the dual-frequency tone consisting of 350 and 440 Hz

- 480+620/500,0/500
   Indicates the dual-frequency tone consisting of 480 and 620 Hz, repeated playing with 500 milliseconds on and 500 milliseconds off. Note: 0/500 indicates 500 milliseconds mute.
- 440/300,0/10000,440/300,0/10000

Indicates 440 Hz single frequency tone, repeated playing 2 times in terms of 300 milliseconds on and 10 seconds off.

• 950/333,1400/333,1800/333,0/1000

Indicates repeated playing 333 milliseconds of 950 Hz, 333 milliseconds of 1400 Hz, 333 milliseconds of 1800 Hz, and mute of 1 second

### 2.6.9 Functional keys

The function key consists of system function key and service function key. The system function key is used for acquiring gateway information, and the later is used for users to activate, inactivate supplementary services.

After login, click the label of "Advanced > Functional Keys" to open this interface.

The following are the examples of the dialing rule for the function key:

- a) Using \*xx (dial \* and 2 digits number ) to activate a service;
- b) Using #xx (dial # and 2 digits number) to cancel a service.

Illustrate with following defaults of various parameters, which may be modified accoding to requirements.

## Figure 2-20 Functional keys configuration interface

System Functional Key					
Query IP address	##		Query phone number	#00	
Service Functional Key					
Activate CFU	*60		Deactivate CFU	#60	
Activate CFB	*61		Deactivate CFB	#61	
Activate CFNR	*62		Deactivate CFNR	#62	
Activate CRBT service	*80		Deactivate CRBT service	#80	
Activate forking ringing	*75	]	Deactivate forking ringing	#75	
Activate DND	*72		Deactivate DND	#72	
Enable speed dials	*74		Speed dial prefix	**	
Audit CRBT	*88		Blind call transfer	*38	
Suspend call waiting	*64				

Title	Explanation
System Functional Key	
Query IP address	The function key for inquiring the IP address of gateway, with default of ##. Dialing this key users can hear gateway broadcasting IP address and system software version number.
	Narrative: if the gateway is only equipped with FXO port, connect FXO port through PBX extension line or PSTN direct line, and dial the number of this line accordingly, press "##" immediately after hearing the second dial tone, users may thus hear IP address and system software version number of the gateway.
Query phone number	The function key for inquiring the phone number of this subscriber line, with default of #00. Dialing this key may hear the phone number of the subscriber line broadcasted by gateway.
Service Functional Key	
Activate CFU	The function key for activating unconditional call forwarding, with default of *60. Dialing this key may activate unconditional call forward of the line, and set the destination number for call forwarding. User operation: Off hook $\rightarrow$ press *60 $\rightarrow$ enter the destination number.
	Users can inquire the latest destination number set by dial "*60*".
	Note: it's required to enable call forwarding service before using this function (please see the instructions on relevant configuration of "subscriber line").
Deactivate CFU	The function key for deactivating unconditional call forwarding, with default of #60.
	User operation: Off hook $\rightarrow$ press #60 $\rightarrow$ hang up.
Activate CFB	The function key for activating call forwarding on busy, with default of *61. Dialing this key may activate CFB, and specify the destination number. Note: it's required to enable call forwarding on busy service before
	using this function (please see the instructions on relevant configuration of "subscriber line").
Deactivate CFB	The function key for deactivating call forwarding on busy, with default of #61.
	User operation: Off hook $\rightarrow$ press #61 $\rightarrow$ hang up.

Title	Explanation
Activate CFNR	The function key for activating call forwarding on no answer, with default of *62. Dialing the function key may activate call forwarding on no answer and specify destination number.
	Note: it's required to enable call forwarding on no answer ervice before using this function (please see the instructions on relevant configuration of "subscriber line").
Deactivate CFNR	The function key for deactivating call forwarding on no answer, with default of #62. The operation method is similar with that aforesaid.
Activate CRBT	The function key for activating color ring, with default of *80. The subscribers may select their favorite color rings by using the key. Note: it's required to start color ring service before using this function (please see the instructions on relevant configuration of "subscriber
	line"). User operation: Upon off hook, the subscriber may press the function key (like *80), then, input of 2 digit index number of color ring;
	"*80* " is used for hearing and inquiring the color ring that have been set already.
Deactivate CRBT	The function key for deactivating the color ring, with default of #80. The subscriber may use such key to recover the normal ring of phone.
	User operation: Off hook $\rightarrow$ press #80 $\rightarrow$ hang up.
Activate forking	The function key for activating double ringing feature, with default of *75.
Deactivate forking	The function key for deactivating the feature, with default of #75.
Activate DND	Activating "Don't Disturb Service", with default of *72. After dial up, the gateway will reject all coming calls by sending busy tone to the caller.
	Note: it's required to start "Don't Disturb Service" before using this function (please see the instructions on relevant configuration of "subscriber line").
Deactivate DND	The function key to cancel "Don't Disturb Service", with default of #72. Dialing the function key may recover normal ringing upon the arrival of incoming calls.
Enable speed dials	Define the function key of dial, with default of *74. Dialing of this function key may build a table of 2 digits (20~49) of abbreviated numbers, which corresponding to the real numbers. Note: It's necessary to get the dial-up service under way before applying this function (please refers to the instructions about "subscriber line".
	User operation: Upon dialing the function key (such as "*74") set hereof, the subscriber may save the corresponding relationship into gateway following dialing 2 digits of abbreviated number and corresponding number with # as ending
Speed dial prefix	The prefix number for applying abbreviated dialing, with default of "**". The said prefix should be added ahead of abbreviated dialing numbers when using abbreviated dialing.
	User operation: off hook $\rightarrow$ dial the prefix number of abbreviated dialing (**) and dial abbreviated dialing number (20) $_{\circ}$
Audit CRBT	The function key for hearing the color ring, with default of *88.
	User operation: Off hook $\rightarrow$ press *88 $\rightarrow$ input color ring number.

Title	Explanation
Blind call transfer	Function key of blind call transfer, with default of *38. User operation: During the call, tap the phone hook switch or press R butto $n \rightarrow$ dial *38 $\rightarrow$ dial the called number and then hang up.
Suspend call waiting	The function key for cancelling the call waiting for next call, with default of *64. Dialing this function key may temporarily shield the call waiting for next call, avoiding the possible intervention. Note: the function key works only for single cancel, if to cancel the call waiting completely, please refer to the instructions on relevant configuration of "subscriber line".

## 2.7 Call status and statistics

## 2.7.1 Call status

After login, click the label of "Status > Call Status" to open this interface.

Figure 2-21	Interface	of call	status
-------------	-----------	---------	--------

ic	Routing	Line Ad	vanced	Status	Logs	Тос	ls
e admin : 2009-06-10	13:51:06					C	all Status 🕴
Line ID	Phone No.(This End)	Registration	Line	Call Phone N	o.(Other End)	Duration	Operation
FXO-1	8000	Not registered	On-hook	Idle			-
FXO-2	8001	Not registered	On-hook	Idle			-
FXO-3	8002	Not registered	On-hook	Idle			-
FXO-4	8003	Not registered	On-hook	Idle			-
FXO-5	8004	Not registered	On-hook	Idle			-
FXO-6	8005	Not registered	On-hook	Idle			-
FXO-7	8006	Not registered	On-hook	Idle			-
FXO-8	8007	Not registered	On-hook	Idle			-
FXS-9	8008	Not registered	On-hook	Idle			-
FXS-10	8009	Not registered	On-hook	Idle			-
首页	上一页 1 2 下一页 尾	<b>页</b>	Refre	sh			

Table 2-25 Parameters of call state

Title	Explanation
Line	There are six types of line statuses, including On-hook, Off-hook, Ringing, Maintenance, Disconnect, Parallel line in-use.
Call	The call state includes Idle, Ooutpusling, Ring, Entering number, In progress, Ring back, Talk, Near end hung up, Far end hung up, Timeout.

Click the label of "check detail" to open detail interface.

### Figure 2-22 Details for the call

Basic	Routing	Line	Advanced	Status	Logs	Tools	Info
elcome adm						Call Statu	s   <u>Loaout</u>
2							
		OSP Infomration t	33-d1-c1				
		Remote 1	92.168.250.89:1001	.2			
		Local Port 1	0010				
		Codec G	729A				
	F	RTP Packact Size 2	0				
		Set Up Time 1	14:18:12				
		CALL ID 1	2470338905482358	24-0@192.168.250	.89		
	R	TCP Infomration					
			Refresh Ret	run			

### Table 2-26 Details for the call

Title	Explanation
DSP Information	This indicates the DSP chip used for the call, in which "t" indicates time slot, "d" indicates the DSP chip, "c" refers to the channel on the chip.
Remote	The IP address of the equipment at the far end, followed with RTP port number.
Local port	Local RTP port number of the call.
Codec	The codec for this call.
RTP Packet Size (millisecond)	Packet length of the RTP of the call.
Set Up time	The time at which the call is answered.
CALL ID	Call ID in SIP message.
RTCP Information	The latest RTCP statistics report received by this call.

## 2.8 Log management

### 2.8.1 System status

Critical runtime information of gateways can be obtained in this interface, including:

- 1) The information about login of interface (including IP address and jurisdiction of the user);
- 2) SIP registration status;
- 3) Call related signaling and media (RTP) information;

After login, click the label of "Logst > System Status" to open this interface.



### Table 2-27 Parameters of system status

Title	Explanation
Login User Info	Show the IP address and jurisdiction of login user. The numbers following the IP address show the online jurisdiction of the user: 1-administrator; 2 - operator; 3 – viewer. The viewer can only read the configuration, but is not allowed to modify it.
	When more than one administrator log in at the same time, the first login's jurisdiction is 1, others are 3; also, when more than one operators log in at the same time, the first one's jurisdiction is 2, others are 3.
	For example:
	Login User Info >>>>
	1) 192.168.2.247 1
SIP Registration Info	Show registration status:
	• Not enabled: The registeration server's address is not entered yet;
	• Latest response: The latest response message for the registration. 200 means registered successfully;
	• No response: Not received response from registeration server. The cause may contribute to 1) incorrect address for the registration server; 2) IP network fault; or, 3) the registration server is not reachable.
	For example:
	SIP Registration Info >>>>
	Not enabled
	SIP Registration Info >>>>
	Contact: <sip:2681403@220.248.27.70:1003; user=phone&gt;</sip:2681403@220.248.27.70:1003; 
	latest response: 200 (timeout-555)
	Contact: <sip:2681402@220.248.27.70:1003; user=phone&gt;</sip:2681402@220.248.27.70:1003; 
	latest response: 200 (timeout-555)
Call Context Info	Show the call status.

Title	Explanation
Rtp Context Info	Show the voice channel related to the calls.
	For example:
	Rtp Context Info >>>>
	3) created, call =e011

### 2.8.2 Call message

After login, click the label of "Logs > Call Message" to open this interface.

#### Figure 2-23 Call message interface



## 2.8.3 System Startup

After login, click the label of "Logs > System Startup" to open this interface. The gateway boot up information is available in this page, including the hardware configuration.

Figure	2-24	Interface	of sy	vstem	startup
1 iguit	221	mernace	01.55	stom	Startup

time: 2009-06-10 1	3:51:06		Call Message	System Startup	Manage Log   Logou
	13:39:23.109529] config.			All serves	^
	13:39:23.110411] config. 13:39:23.110761] config.				=
	13:39:23.111314] config.				
	20.PCMU/20.PCMA/20.G7		EI DEI AGEI_CODEC SEC	widi	
	13:39:23.111627] config.		er ECHO CANCEL LEN	set with 16	
[06/10	13:39:23.111816] config.	.c(3396) - Category [PAS:	SWORD]		
	13:39:23.112074] config.				
	13:39:23.112355] config.			RD set with *	
	13:39:23.112535] config. 13:39:23.113352] config.			set with (01[2 E 0]	
				382 Widt (01[3,5,8] 3xx 95xxx 100xx 1[3,5,8]xxx	xxxxxx1[2-3 5-
				0xxxxxxx x.# #xx *xx ##)	
[06/10	13:39:23.113572] config.	.c(3396) - Category [OPT	IONAL]		
	13:39:23.114212] config.				
	13:39:23.114744] config.				
	13:39:23.115282] config.				
[06/10	13:39:23.115738] config. 13:39:23.116177] config.	c(3524) - INFO: paramet	or EXO_DET_CONNISEC	with po	
	13:39:23.116591] config.				
106/10	13:39:23.116999] config.	c(3524) - INFO: paramet	er FXO RING FROM LI	NE set with ves	
[06/10	13:39:23.117417] config.	.c(3524) - INFO: paramet	er FXS_IMPEDANCE set	with 0	
	13:39:23.117845] config.				
	13:39:23.118312] config.				
	13:39:23.118750] config. 13:39:23.119518] config.				

### 2.8.4 Manage log

After login, click the label of "Logs > Manage Log" to open this interface. Log files can be downloaded through this interface.

#### Figure 2-25 Interface of debugging log management

Welcome admin Login time: 2009-06-10 13:51:06	<u>Syste</u>	e <u>m Status</u>   <u>Call Message</u>   <u>System Startup</u>   Manage Log   <u>Logout</u>
	Log download	Download
	System log server	e.g. 137.61.68.25
	Log server	e.g. 137.61.68.26
	Log level	4 🕶
		Submit

Table 2-28 Configuration parameters of debugging log management

Title	Explanation
Log download	See the description below.
System log server	Set the IP address of system log server.
Log server	IP address of debugging log server.
Log level	Select the log file level of gateway, default is 3. The setting range is 1 ~ 5, the higher the level goes, the more details the log file will be.
	Note: log level should be set to be 3 or lower when gateway is used in normal operation, avoiding influencing the system performance.

Procedure of downloading the debugging log:

Step 1: Click "download", the gateway starts pack the logs.

Step 2: After few seconds, the interface of log save will appear.

Step 3: click "Save", and select path to save.

Step 4: The user may review the log from the server concerned.



The procedure of downloading log files described hereof is only applicable to release 1.9.x.238 of VG series or updated version of software.

# 2.9 System tool

### 2.9.1 Change password

After login, click the label of "Tools" to open this interface. Only administrator is entitled to change the password of login.

For changing administrator password, it's required to enter new password into "New password" field and "Confirm new password" field, then click "Submit".

The password being used by operator will be displayed as hidden codes, which could be changed by administrator at any time. The administrator is allowed to change the operator's password by entering new password into "Operator password>password".

Figure 2-26 Interface of password changing

Basic	Routing	Line	Advanced	Status	Logs	Tools	Info
Welcome admin Login time: 2009-06-							Logout
	Change pass Import da	ta		or password New password new password			
	Export dal Upgrade		Operator p		omit		
	Restore factory Restart	settings		Password •••	pmit		
	Reboot						

## 2.9.2 Configuration import

After login, click "Tools>Import data" to open this interface. Operating procedure is the same as that of "software upgrade".

Figure 2-27 Interface of import dat	a
-------------------------------------	---

Change password	Import data
Import data	Note: The extension of the uploaded file is <b>.gz</b> .
Export data	浏览
Upgrade	
Restore factory settings	Next
Restart	
Reboot	

### 2.9.3 Configuration export

After login, click "Tools >Export of configuration" to open this interface. It's allowed to download the configuration files from the gateway through this interface. The downloading procedure is similar to the downloading procedure of log files..

Figure 2-28 Interface of export data

Change password	Note:1. Click <b>Download</b> to download files.
Import data	2. The downloading operation is restricted by the network speed.
Export data	Only one person can download files at one time.
Upgrade	
Restore factory settings	Download
Restart	
Reboot	

### 2.9.4 Software upgrade

After login, click "Tools > Upgrade" to open this interface. The software upgrading procedure is presented as below:

Step 1: Obtain the upgrade files (tar.gz file), and save the file onto a local computer.

Step 2: Click "System tool > software upgrade" to access to the page of software upgrade.

Figure 2-29 Interface of software upgrade

Change password	Upgrade Software
Import data	Note: The extension of the uploaded file is .gz.
Export data Upgrade	[ browse
Restore factory settings	Next
Restart	

Step 3: Click "Browse" to select the upgrade files and click "Open".

Step 4: Click "Next" when the following interface appears, and start uploading the upgrade files to the gateway.

Figure 2-30 Interface of file upload

Upgrade Software	
Note: The extension of the uploaded file	is .gz.
C:\Documents and Settings\Administra	Browse
Next	

Step 5: Uploading will be completed in about 30 seconds, and click "Upgrade" on following dialog.

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Figure 2-31 Upgrade interface

Upgrade Software					
Click <b>Upgrade</b> to start the upgrade					
Upgrade Cancel					

Step 6: The following prompt appears during the upgrade.

Figure 2-32 Prompt of upgrade process



A few minutes are needed to upgrade the gateway. Don't operate the gateway during this period.

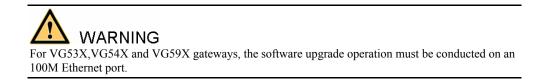
Step 7: After success in upgrade, the following dialog will appear, click "Confirm".

Figure 2-33 Interface of successful upgrade



Step 8: The gateway will reboot, and the interface will be disappeared.

Step 9: Wait for about 2 minutes, and access to the interface of gateway management system, click "Info" and check the software version.



### 2.9.5 Software restart

After login, click "Tools > Restart" to restart the gateway, making modified configuration come into effect.



In most cases, 'there is no need to reset the gateway, and the modified parameters will come into effect upon confirming the "submit".

### 2.9.6 System reboot

After login, click "Tools >Reboot" to restart the gateway. As this is a system wide reset, it takes longer time.

Generally, it's sufficient to restart software when the gateway confirms to reset; the system reboot will be required only when network settings of the gateway are changed.

#### 2.9.7 Restore factory settings

After login, click "Tools > Restore factory settings" to restore the parameters of gateway into the factory settings.

The factory settings are designed based on common applications, and therefore, no need to modify them in many deployment situations.

## 2.10 Version information

After login, click "Info" to view the gateway hardware and software version information.

Basic	Routing	Line	Advanced	Status	Logs	Tools	Info
elcome admi jin time: 2009-08							Logout
	S	oftware version	Rev 1.9.81.286				
			Rev 1.9.81.286 Rev 1.1.2 MX100-85,	/8			
		ardware version		/8			
		ardware version Kernel version	Rev 1.1.2 MX100-85,	/8			

## 2.11 Logout

After login, click the "Logout" at top right to exit the gateway management system and return to the login interface.

# $3.1~{\rm VG59X}$ system operation state

Table 3-1 VG59X system operation state

Glittery letter	Status meaning
"C"	The IP address of gateway conflicts with that of other equipment in LAN. Please settle this problem before the gateway can be operated normally.
"D"	Internal failures have been entountered during gateway start up procedure. Please contact your local distributor for further diagnosis.
"Р"	The gateway is in progress of system software upgrade. Please guarantee stable power supply and do not conduct other operations during this period.
"T"	The application software of gateway has been exited. If it can not be restored by rebooting the system, please contact your local distributor for further diagnosis.